Faculty of Psychology Prospectus Master of Science in Psychology 2005 • 2006

Universiteit Maastricht P.O. Box 616 6200 MD Maastricht The Netherlands

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Table of Contents Timetable Masters Programme2005-2006

	Foreword 5
	Psychology at Universiteit Maastricht 7
	The Maastricht Psychology Curriculum 8
	The Educational Approach: Problem-Based Learning 9
	Internationalisation 10
	Organisation of the Faculty of Psychology 11
1	Specialisation Applied Cognitive Psychology 15
1.1	The masters specialisation in Applied Cognitive Psychology 16
1.2	Track Experimental Health Psychology 17
1.3	Track Psychology and Law 21
1.4	Track Work and Organisational Psychology 25
1.5	Research Internship and Masters thesis 29
1.6	Psychodiagnostics registration 30
2	Specialisation Biological Psychology 31
2.1	The masters specialisation in Biological Psychology 32
2.2	Track Developmental Psychology 34
2.3	Track Cognitive Neuroscience 40
2.4	Track Neuropsychology 46
2.5	Research Internship and Masters thesis 51
2.6	Psychodiagnostics registration 52
3	Education and Examinaton Regulations - Masters 53
3.1	Education and Examinaton Regulations - Masters 54
3.2	Rules and regulations for the Masters examination of the
Psycholo	gy Study Programme 68
4	Educational organisation and administration 77
4.1	Student Services (SSC) 78
4.2	SPS (Section for Psychology Students) and the NIP 85
4.2.1	NIP and SPS 85
4.2.2	SPS Platform Maastricht 85
4.3	Interim BV 86
4.4	Educational Support: The Education Office 86
4.4.1	General 86
4.4.2	Opening Times of the Education Office and Correspondence 91
4.5	Student Advisors 93
4.6	University Library 94
4.7	Programme Evaluation 99
4.8	Computerised Information System (Obtaining Results) 100
4.9	Instruction Rooms100
4.10	Tests 101
4.11	Graduation: Master Degree 102

5 Staff of the Faculty of Psychology 105

- 5.1 Staff Members of the Faculty of Psychology 106
- 5.2 Teaching Assignments of Professors and Associate Professors 113
- 5.3 Addresses 117
- 6 Subject index 119

Foreword

A Prospectus is a kind of railway timetable. You will be able to find an overview of the routes, which lead to the Master examination. This Psychology Prospectus contains descriptions of all the instructional and examination components. In addition, all the important dates have been included, such as the beginning and the end of the academic year, holidays, courses, tests and the internships. Furthermore, the Prospectus provides an overview of the organization of the Faculty and University, the regulations, the most important books used in one's study and many more practical matters. Not least, a Prospectus serves as a reference book for students and staff, providing the names of all members of staff, their positions, addresses and telephone numbers. The Prospectus enables the user to find his or her way in the Faculty and to locate the right person for information. Please take advantage of this.

The Faculty of Psychology offers two Masters programmes: a one-year Masters and a two-year Research Masters. The Masters offers two specialisations: Applied Cognitive Psychology and Biological Psychology. This builds on matters of content which have already been highlighted in the bachelor phase.

The Research Masters is meant for students who want to pursue a career as scientific researcher. Three specialisations are offered: Cognitive Neuroimaging, Neuropsychology and Abnormal Psychology.

All in all, there is a high degree of satisfaction with the Psychology Programme, amongst students and with the external Quality Assurance Assessment Committee. Its findings were published in 2002.

The Faculty wishes all its students who are starting with a Masters programme, good luck!

Gerjo Kok, Dean of the Faculty of Psychology

Maastricht, July, 2005



Specialisation Applied Cognitive Psychology

Chapter 1

Specialisation Applied Cognitive Psychology

1.1 THE MASTERS SPECIALISATION IN APPLIED COGNITIVE PSYCHOLOGY

The masters specialisation in Applied Cognitive Psychology is divided into three tracks: Experimental Health Psychology, Psychology and Law, and Work and Organisational Psychology. Each track consists of four courses, corresponding skills training, and a research project that is rounded off with a masters thesis.

The *Experimental Health Psychology* track studies the nature, origin, maintenance and reduction of bad habits, i.e., unhealthy and undesirable behaviour. The mainly cognitive mechanisms that induce excessive everyday problems, like smoking, too much drinking, overeating, unsafe sex, excessive shopping and so on, are analysed. Excessiveness is considered in all its theoretical and applied bearings.

The *Psychology* and Law track focuses on key participants in the legal system: victims, eyewitnesses, defendants, lawyers and expert witnesses. What can be said from a psychological point of view about these participants? This is the approach taken in the PsyLaw track and in doing so, it gives priority to experimental studies and psychological tests and tools.

The track on *Work and Organisational Psychology* combines a theoretical foundation in cognitive aspects of work, personnel and organisational psychology with practical applications in the aviation sector.

Overview of the Tracks in the Masters Specialisation in Applied Cognitive Psychology

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Period	Number of Weeks	Experimental Health Psychology	
Period 1	7	EH411 Self-Control	EH412 Manipulation
Period 2	7	EH413 Applying Theories	EH414 Paradigms and Skills
Period	24	Research Internship and Master	s Thesis

Period	Number of Weeks	Psychology and law	
Period 1	7	PL421	PL422
		Perpetrators and Defendants	Eyewitnesses and Victims
Period 2	7	PL423	PL424
		Experts and Their Decisions	Paradigms and Skills
		PL425	
		Practical Psychology and Law in A	ction
Period	24	Research Internship and Masters	Thesis

Period	Number of Weeks	Work and Organisational Psychol	logy
Period 1	7	WO431 Human Performance	WO432 Human Resources
Period 2	7	WO433 Organisation and Cognition	WO434 Safety Interventions
Period	24	Research Internship and Masters	Thesis

1.2 TRACK EXPERIMENTAL HEALTH PSYCHOLOGY

Overeating and unsafe sex are examples of unhealthy and undesirable behaviour. From a multidisciplinary perspective, the track Experimental Health Psychology studies the nature and origin of such 'bad habits'. Although we study unhealthy and undesirable behaviour, it is important to know that Experimental Health Psychology does not train students as a clinical psychologist or psychotherapist!

Students will learn to analyse the underlying mechanisms of unhealthy behaviour, using recent theories and models from various (psychological) disciplines. With this knowledge, it is possible to systematically develop an intervention to change such behaviour. In their thesis, students do research, for example, as to why people maintain bad habits.

Course EH411 Self-Control – 5 European credits

Coordinator: Anita Jansen, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 81910, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.731a, E-mail: a.jansen@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

Why do some people eat too much? Why is it so hard for some people to get their alcohol consumption under control? Why is the incidence of sexual transmissible diseases growing despite the increased availability of condoms? Many people struggle with calories, cigarettes and laziness every day and people vary enormously in their ability to succeed in self-regulation or control. These issues, and much more impulsive behaviour, point to self-control deficits. Too much eating, drinking and unsafe sex illustrate a lack of self-control, and the bad consequences of this type of excessive behaviour show how important it is that people are able to control themselves. Self-control is an extremely relevant health issue.

In the present course, the focus will be on issues related to excesses which can occur in everyday situations, for example, too much smoking, drinking, eating, sex, shopping and so on. We shall consider these common self-control issues in all their theoretical and applied ramifications. The basic processes of self-control that will be studied are for example the self-regulation of affect, automatic vs. controlled self-regulation, the role of thinking (beliefs) and planning. Attention will also be paid to the development of self-control and influences of personality characteristics such as the affect of temperament on the ability to exert self-regulation. Individual differences are emphasized, but we will also discover why interpersonal functioning (in e.g. a teaching situation) also requires self-control. *Literature*

To be specified.

Practical Training: Increasing Self-control through Practice

Coordinator: Anita Jansen, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 81910, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.731a, E-mail: a.jansen@psychology.unimaas.nl

The practical consists of some observational and research assignments dealing with everyday self-control issues. Instructional Approach

Tutorial group meetings (7) of 3 hours each, practical meetings, lectures.

Form of Assessment

The form the assessment will take is still unknown.

Course EH412 Manipulation – 5 European credits

Coordinator: Carolien Martijn, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 84067, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.748, E-mail: c.martijn@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

This course focuses on techniques and strategies to influence or "manipulate" other people's opinions, judgments and behaviour. What factors are likely to instigate change, and how can their influence be explained? A common distinction in manipulation techniques or strategies is often made between those requiring systematic processing and those requiring heuristic processing. Systematic processing is related to persuasion; a sender carefully examines a persuasive message and if the arguments are relevant and strong (s)he may decide to adopt the message. In the case of heuristic processing the sender is more likely to be influenced by the form of a message rather than its content. For example, when people are not really motivated to carefully examine a message or situation, attractive or highly similar people are more effective manipulators than ugly or dissimilar people. Both forms of influence will be discussed during this course. Moreover, attention will be paid to topics such as the influence of mood on manipulation (i.e. are people in a good mood easier to manipulate than those in a bad mood) and subliminal manipulation. Is it possible to influence people with cues they are not able to perceive consciously? We will also study how unjustified feelings of reciprocity and people's tendency to be consistent may be used to manipulate than others?

Literature

Articles (e-reader) and book chapters (Learning Resources Center).

Practical Training: Manipulation Strategies

Coordinator: Carolien Martijn, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 84067, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.748, E-mail: c.martijn@psychology.unimaas.nl

The practical consists of several research assignments.

Instructional Approach

Tutorial group meetings (7) of 3 hours each, practical meetings, lectures.

Form of Assessment

The form the assessment will take is still unknown.

Course EH413 Applying Theories – 5 European credits

Coordinator: Gerjo Kok, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 81918, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 5.735, E-mail: g.kok@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

This course introduces a process for creating intervention programmes (Intervention Mapping), in which students are guided through a series of steps that will assist them in theory-based and evidence-based intervention development. Steps include a needs assessment, identifying performance objectives, determinants of behaviour, and a change in objectives; selecting intervention methods, translating methods into strategies and programmes, and planning for programme adoption, implementation, and evaluation. Interventions will match objectives related to safety management, which is a special case of health promotion at the work place. Core processes for Intervention Mapping include applying theories from the behavioural sciences, i.e. Social Psychology and Organisational Psychology. One skill for the professional is to find and apply appropriate theories that help with explaining a given problem and intervening in a way which is appropriate to this.

Literature

• Bartholomew, L.K., Parcel, G.S., Kok, G. & Gottlieb, N. (2001). Intervention Mapping: Designing theory- and evidence-based health promotion programs. McGraw.

- Various articles on safety management.
- Workbook (will be provided).

Instructional Approach

Weekly lectures, tutorial group meetings, small group tasks, assignments.

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a paper, presentation.

Course EH414 Paradigms and Skills – 5 European credits

Coordinator: Fren Smulders, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 81909, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.744, E-mail: f.smulders@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

Experimental Psychology makes extensive use of paradigms that manipulate or measure mental functions like attention, emotion, inhibition, memory, and unconscious processes. These paradigms are typically implemented on a computer in a laboratory setting. Some fields of application are Experimental Health Psychology, Work Psychology, Human Factors, and Psychology and Law. Paradigms & Skills offers an introduction into several paradigms that are currently at the centre of scientific attention. On a theoretical level, you will learn about their background, and the underlying mental processes. In addition, you will receive literature on their typical use in one of the fields of application. On a practical level, you will learn how to implement them on a computer, using special purpose software (a 'task generator'), and how to measure and further process the quantitative data that are generated. The measurement of reaction times is common in these paradigms, so the assumptions, problems and pitfalls of these measurements are highlighted. Some psycho physiological variables will receive similar treatment. In this way, the course intends to provide an excellent basis for an internship and further career in scientific research. *Literature*

The literature will consist mainly of papers from scientific literature, and some chapters from books. These will be made available electronically, if possible.

Practical Training: Measurement in the Lab

Coordinator: Robert van Doorn, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 81926, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.749, E-mail: r.vandoorn@psychology.unimaas.nl

The nature of the course requires a relatively high number of practical sessions, i.e. one per week. Four sessions will be devoted to handling of the task generator ERTS; the gathering of psycho physiological data will be done during one session, and subsequent data processing will be done in a final practical session. Papers are based on the practicals. *Instructional Approach*

Tutorial group meetings (7), lectures (7), practicals (7).

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a test with essay questions.

1.3 TRACK PSYCHOLOGY AND LAW

How reliable are the eyewitness testimonies in the case against Michael Jackson? Do criminals such as Marc Dutroux have a brain dysfunction making them permanently dangerous to society? Questions such as these are typical for the discipline of Psychology and Law (PsyLaw). Psychologists with a background in PsyLaw ask questions that have direct relevance to the legal arena, and conduct research to address these questions. The aim of this programme is to make master students familiar with typical themes from the PsyLaw domain. For example, students will learn how to analyse the reliability of eyewitness testimonies. In doing so, they will study memory from various perspectives. Another issue that will be addressed is, for example, testing. What tests can be used to detect liars and malingerers?

Course PL421 Perpetrators and Defendants - 4 European credits

Coordinator: Robert Horselenberg, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 81924, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.743, E-mail: r.horselenberg@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

During this course you will learn more about the psychology and behaviour of offenders of serious crimes. The judicial system is increasingly confronted with offenders who claim amnesia for their criminal acts. Alternatively, offenders may claim to have committed the crime because they suffer from PTSD or heard voices that ordered them to do so, for example, kill someone. Amnesia, PTSD and psychosis are often feigned in criminal cases: offenders want to obstruct police investigation and/or reduce self-responsibility for their acts. How can you be sure these offenders are not faking their disorder? Yet another problem increasingly coming to the surface is a crime that was allegedly committed whilst the offender was asleep. Is there any evidence that one can kill or rape while asleep? Moreover, are we able to detect an offender who is lying? Which techniques can best be used to detect such lies: brain fingerprinting, PET/MRI-scans, or simply measuring skin conductance? Murderers are often psychopaths, but sometimes suffer from schizophrenia. Are there reliable ways to distinguish between these two types of offenders? Talking about psychopaths, what is known about the psychophysiology and the assessment of psychopathy? This is just a random selection of topics that will be dealt with in this course. At the end of it you will have gained knowledge about current issues and controversies connected to the psychology of offenders. This knowledge could be used in court for arriving at appropriate decisions about an offender's criminal behaviour.

Literature E-reader. Instructional Approach Tutorial group meetings (7) and one-hour lectures (4 to 6). Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a test with essay questions.

Course PL422 Eyewitnesses and Victims – 4 European credits

Coordinator: Tom Smeets, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 84506, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.753, E-mail: tom.smeets@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

This course will provide you with insight into the psychology of eyewitnesses and victims. How well are eyewitnesses/victims able to recall the offence they witnessed/experienced? Can they accurately retrieve specific details of the offence when being questioned by the police? How should they be interviewed? And do their memories fade over time, or are these people always able to fully remember these horrific events? What are the consequences for people who experience traumatic events (i.e., can people cope with trauma)? Can traumatic experiences cause hippocampal atrophy? Is it sensible to have children testify in court? What do all of the above-mentioned questions imply in a courtroom? For instance, how should the court deal with cases of recovered memories? All of these issues and more will be addressed at length during the course. By the end of the course you will have hopefully gained more knowledge on current issues and controversies in eyewitness research and the psychology of victims; you will be familiar with the important terminology of Forensic Psychology (e.g., acute stress disorder, false memories, peritraumatic dissociation, Ribot's law, etc.); you will be able to give descriptions of methods typically used and experimental work done in these disciplines; and you will also have gained insight into the problems that arise out of court decisions which hinge upon eyewitness testimonies and/or testimonies from victims.

Literature E-reader. Instructional Approach Tutorial group meetings (7) and one-hour lectures (4 to 6). Form of Assessment The assessment consists of a test with essay questions.

Course PL423 Experts and Their Decisions – 4 European credits

Coordinator: Harald Merckelbach, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 81945, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.732a, E-mail: h.merckelbach@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

Experts play an important role in judicial decision making. The law expects them to reach their decisions on the basis of scientifically grounded principles. Take, as examples, the handwriting expert or the child psychologist who decide whether a threatening letter was written by the defendant or whether a child should stay with his mother. Should we trust their expertise? How can their decisions be optimalized? This course addresses these and related issues from a psychological point of view. *Literature*

E-reader. Instructional Approach Tutorial group meetings (7) and one-hour lectures (4). Form of Assessment The assessment consists of a test with essay questions.

Course PL424 Paradigms and Skills – 5 European credits

Coordinator: Fren Smulders, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 81909, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.744, E-mail: f.smulders@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

Experimental Psychology makes extensive use of paradigms that manipulate or measure mental functions like attention, emotion, inhibition, memory, and unconscious processes. These paradigms are typically implemented on a computer in a laboratory setting. Some fields of application are Experimental Health Psychology, Work Psychology, Human Factors, and Psychology and Law. Paradigms & Skills offers an introduction into several paradigms that are currently at the centre of scientific attention. On a theoretical level, you will learn about the background, and underlying mental processes. In addition, you will receive literature on their typical use in one of the fields of application. On a practical level, you will learn how to implement this on a computer, using special purpose software (a 'task generator'), and how to measure and further process the quantitative data that are generated. The measurement of reaction times is common in these paradigms, so the assumptions, problems and pitfalls of these measurements are highlighted. Some psycho physiological variables will receive similar treatment. In this way, the course intends to provide an excellent basis for an internship and further career in scientific research.

Literature

The literature will consist mainly of papers from scientific literature, and some chapters from books. These will be made available electronically, if possible.

Practical Training: Measurement in the Lab

Coordinator: Robert van Doorn, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 81926, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.749, E-mail: r.vandoorn@psychology.unimaas.nl

The nature of the course requires a relatively high number of practical sessions, i.e. one per week. Four sessions will be devoted to handling the task generator ERTS; the gathering of psycho physiological data will be done during one session, and subsequent data processing in a final practical session. Papers are based on the practicals. *Instructional Approach*

Tutorial group meetings (7), lectures (7), practicals (7).

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a test with essay questions.

Practical PL425 Psychology and Law in Action – 3 European credits

Coordinator: Kim van Oorsouw, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 84050, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.757, E-mail: k.vanoorsouw@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Practical

Psychology and Law in Action offers students the opportunity to become familiar with the practical aspect of psychology and law. Students will acquire hands-on experience with the administration of instruments frequently used by experts in the legal field, such as tools to measure suggestibility and malingering. Furthermore, lectures will be given by people working in the legal field. The basics of criminal proceedings in court will be outlined with an accompanying visit to a court hearing. In addition, a lie detector will be demonstrated and field trips to different legal settings will be organised. Students will spend a substantial amount of time on the administration of tests, conducting small experiments, and reading relevant literature. At the end of the practical, student are expected to act as an expert witness in a mock criminal law case and submit a written report.

Literature

Several research articles.

Instructional Approach

Lectures, tutorial group meetings, excursions. In total, there will be about 9 sessions. Students are required to do a considerable amount of work outside the sessions.

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of an individually written expert report.

1.4 TRACK WORK AND ORGANISATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY

How can industrial accidents be prevented?

What determines team effectiveness?

How to select air traffic controllers?

How can someone's ability to cooperate or make decisions be evaluated?

Which factors improve the quality of work life for the elderly?

How to design leadership training?

Which work conditions prevent mental fatigue?

How to stimulate innovations?

These questions illustrate some of the issues that are studied in the field of Work and Organisational Psychology (WOP). This track combines theoretical preparation in cognitive aspects of work, personnel and organisational psychology with practical application in the aviation sector.

Students completing the programme have knowledge of the major content areas of work and organisational psychology with an emphasis on applied cognitive psychology. They know how to apply job and task analysis techniques; they know how to determine standards of effectiveness and how to measure and evaluate human performances; they know how

to design and evaluate employee selection tests, training programmes and organisational interventions; they have acquired data selection and analysis skills for conducting applied psychological research.

Course WO431 Human Performance – 5 European credits

Coordinator: Robert van Doorn, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 81926, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.749, E-mail: r.vandoorn@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

How do humans process information at the performance of tasks? This key question links basic research on signal detection theory for example, or on resource models with attention to applications. Situation awareness, mental workload, time sharing, scheduling, fatigue and stress, user interface design, selection of action and manual control are some of the themes that will be addressed during this course.

Practical Training: a Critical Look at Human Performance

Coordinator: Marieke Kools, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 82475 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.742, E-mail: m.kools@psychology.unimaas.nl.

In order to optimize human performance at work, it is important to know specific task requirements, task environments, and the task behaviour of workers. Based on insights into physical and mental activities that an air traffic controller has to carry out for instance, equipment and interfaces can be designed to optimally fit these. The aim of this practical is for students to acquire knowledge and skills for task analysis techniques. Students will do the analyses within the context of a job, to learn about the specific tasks and cognitions involved. A written paper must be submitted to fulfill the practical requirements.

. Literature

Parts of: Tsang, P. & Vidulich, M (2003). Principles and practice of aviation psychology. Erlbaum.

Various articles.

Instructional Approach

Tutorial group meetings, lectures and practical meetings.

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a test with essay questions.

Course WO432 Human Resources – 5 European credits

Coordinator: Margje van de Wiel, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 82171, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.742, E-mail: m.vandewiel@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

Students will apply psychological research and theory to human resource management in organisations. They will discuss problems related to employee recruitment, screening and selection, training design, implementation and evaluation, performance measurement and management, professional learning and development, and career development and management. It is important to understand what is expected of people in a certain job and organisation to deal with these problems. The analysis of jobs, job-related tasks and their competencies, i.e. the knowledge, skill, ability, attitude, and other personal characteristics, necessary to perform these tasks, plays a crucial role as well as the analysis of training needs of organisations and individuals. Therefore, analysis techniques will also be addressed in the practical work.

Practical Training: What is it to be a Work and Organisational Psychologist?

Coordinator: Margje van de Wiel, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 82171, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.742, E-mail: m.vandewiel@psychology.unimaas.nl

Students will orient themselves on the profession of a work and organisational psychologist by interviewing a subject matter expert (SME) about his or her job. They will prepare the interview by using job analysis techniques, analyse the data, and report the findings in a job description and job specification. The whole process will be described in a short report. Students will present their findings on a profession during an interactive session. The practical work will be rewarded as well.

Literature

Various articles and chapters will be available in an e-reader; relevant handbooks can be consulted in the 'study landscape'.

Instructional Approach

Tutorial group meetings, lectures and practical meetings.

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a test with essay questions measuring knowledge application and understanding.

Course WO433 Organisation and Cognition – 5 European credits

Coordinator: Herco Fonteijn, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 81907, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.777a, E-mail: h.fonteijn@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

This course will focus on contributions of Cognitive Psychology to the study of organisational behaviour. Issues that will be addressed include team cognition, team efficacy, and crew resource management; motivation, work-related attitudes, matching person and environment and organisational climate; conflict management, trust, fairness and organisational justice; coordination, communication, information exchange, and knowledge management; strategy, innovation, and creativity. Selected problems will provide insight into the field of aviation psychology.

Practical Training: Methods in Organisations

Coordinator: to be announced

This practical consists of certain exercises that acquaint students with research methods in Organisational Psychology. Literature

Parts of:

Locke, E.A. (2004). Handbook of principles of organisational behavior. Malden, MA: Blackwell.

- Salas, E. & Fiore, S. (2005). Team cognition. Washington, DC: American Psychological Association.
- E-reader.
- Instructional Approach

Tutorial group meetings, lectures and practical meetings.

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a combination of practical exercises, presentations, written reports and essay questions. Course WO434 Safety Interventions - 5 European credits

Coordinator: Gerjo Kok, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 81918, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 5.735, E-mail: g.kok@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

This course introduces a process for the creation of intervention programmes (Intervention Mapping), in which students are guided through a series of steps that will assist them in theory-based and evidence-based intervention development. Steps include a needs assessment; identifying performance objectives, determinants of behaviour, and a change in objectives; selecting intervention methods, translating methods into strategies and programmes, and planning for programme adoption, implementation, and evaluation. Interventions will match objectives related to safety management which is a special case of health promotion at the work place. Core processes for Intervention Mapping include applying theories from the Behavioural Sciences, i.e. Social Psychology and Organisational Psychology. A skill for the professional is to find and apply appropriate theories that helps to explain a given problem and intervene in it when necessary.

Literature

• Bartholomew, L.K., Parcel, G.S., Kok, G. & Gottlieb, N. (2001). Intervention Mapping: Designing theory- and evidence-based health promotion programs. McGraw.

• Various articles on safety management.

• Workbook (will be provided).

Instructional Approach

Lectures, tutorial group meetings, small group tasks, assignments.

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a presentation, paper.

RESEARCH INTERNSHIP AND MASTERS THESIS 1.5

The second part of the year of the Masters Programme is devoted to arranging and conducting a research internship. This will be in the field of the track a student has chosen out of one of the masters specialization programmes, under the supervision of a faculty member. As a result of the many international research contacts our faculty members have established, a substantial number of students will conduct their research internship abroad. Students finalize the masters programme by writing a thesis on their internship.

Either a faculty member or an external, qualified researcher supervises the research internship. The internship can be done at the University Maastricht, at external research institutes or at practically-oriented institutions. In the latter case, a faculty member will be the supervisor.

The masters thesis will be evaluated and graded by the supervisor/faculty member and by a second reviewer. At least one of the reviewers should belong to the Faculty of Psychology (FdP).

Information about research internships offered by faculty members can be found on Blackboard: Eleum unimaas nl/Students Faculty of Psychology. You can also find there a detailed guide to the research internship and the masters thesis.

As already mentioned, research internships can also be carried out abroad. For practical information about international research internships, contact Loes Mallee, Bureau Internationalisering (Internationalization Office): Phone 38 81920; 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 5.753, E-mail: l.mallee@psychology.unimaas.nl

For more information about research internships contact Ingrid Candel, coordinator for Applied Cognitive Psychology: Phone 38 81963, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.743, E-mail: i.candel@psychology.unimaas.nl and Wijnand Raaijmakers, coordinator for Biological Psychology: Phone 38 81880, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.777a, E-mail: w.raaijmakers@psychology.unimaas.nl

PSYCHODIAGNOSTICS REGISTRATION 1.6

Coordinator: Anton de Vries, Neurocognition, Phone 38 84043, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.765, E-mail: a.devries@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the registration

Psycho diagnostics is the branch of psychology in which people are qualified by psychological assessment. These qualifications are important in many judgment and decision processes. Examples are: personnel selection, the evaluation of child molesting, or educational career decisions. The illustrations make clear that these qualifications may have important consequences.

To promote the quality of the psycho diagnostic profession, the Dutch Institute of Psychologists (NIP) has introduced a registration of psycho diagnostics. This registration warrants that the student masters the fundamental knowledge and skills that are rooted in accepted psycho diagnostic principles. The registration is awarded by way of a NIP signed certificate. The student receives it on graduation in supplement of the Masters diploma. The graduate is also incorporated in a public register that is managed by the NIP. Additional information about this registration and its regulations is to be found at: www.psynip.nl.

Conditions

At the time of going to press of this prospectus it was not clear for which tracks the registration can be obtained. Probably it will be possible for the tracks Developmental Psychology, Neuropsychology, Experimental Health Psychology and Psychology and Law. The exact requirements will be specified as soon as this is published by the NIP. Information

Additional information is available at: www.personeel.unimaas.nl/A.deVries/edu/BAPD/

Students intending to qualify for this registration should contact Anton de Vries. It is vital for the student to ensure that the planned training period allows the student to gain sufficient diagnostic experience. Also for additional information on these regulations you can contact him.

Specialisation Biological Psychology

Chapter 2

Specialisation Biological Psychology

THE MASTERS SPECIALISATION IN BIOLOGICAL PSYCHOLOGY 2.1

The biological revolution taking place in the field of psychology is studied further in the masters specialisation in Biological Psychology. The mutual influences of the psychological and biological fields on one another are taken into account. For example, there is the influence of stress on our physical condition, which can make us ill. Conversely, our biological constitution has a large influence on what our capabilities are as human beings. To a large extent, the development of our brain determines if and when we learn to see, feel, think or speak. Furthermore, many psychological or psychiatric disorders appear to have, at least in part, a genetic origin and are associated with some biological deficit such as the malfunctioning of certain brain circuits. The Masters tracks of Biological Psychology all study the 'roots of our behaviour' by relating all our actions, experiences and feelings to physiological, evolutionary and developmental mechanisms. Many of these mechanisms are looked at in terms of brain functioning. In addition, one of the factors which caused the biological revolution is the application of brain imaging techniques through which our knowledge has increased considerably. Issues related to this methodological revolution are also studied further in the masters in **Biological Psychology.**

Many of the above topics are examined in research groups at our faculty that focus on Biological Psychology. The three tracks of the Masters in Biological Psychology partly reflect these research interests as well as their implications for careers in Applied Psychology in hospitals, mental health institutions and child care.

The Masters in Biological Psychology provides an extension and deepening of the introduction given in the bachelor course. This is worked out in three different tracks that represent some of the most prominent and well researched areas of Biological Psychology. They are: Developmental Psychology, Cognitive Neuroscience or Neuropsychology. The first track, Developmental Psychology, is exclusively devoted to developmental changes in perception, attention, memory, language, motor activities and emotions and its disorders in infants, children and adolescents. The Cognitive Neuroscience track on the other hand, is devoted to the research of behavioural and brain functions related to attention, perception, language, memory and motor behaviour. Finally, the Neuropsychology track studies the relationship between the brain and behaviour and the subsequent application of the information thus gained to problems relating to health and cognitive functioning.

Each track has a similar structure of four courses that run parallel over two periods. In addition to the courses, each period also has a practical component, organised independently from the courses. Students in the Developmental Psychology track must choose between the practical offered in the track Developmental Psychology (DP443) and the practical offered in the track Cognitive Neuroscience (DP444) offered in the first period. The courses focus somewhat more on the knowledge about theoretical issues whereas the practicals focus more on the skills related to certain methods (psychological tests, ERP, fMRI) and design.

Overview	Overview of the Tracks of the Masters Specialisation in Biological Psychology				
Period	Number of Weeks	Developmental Psychology			
Period 1	7	DP441 Infancy DP442 Perception, Attention and Motor Development			
		DP443 Measuring Attention and Executive Functions in Behavioural Paradigms			
		or			
		DP444 Practical EEG/ERP			
Period 2	7	DP445 Development of Cognition	DP446 Social Emotional Development		
		and Language			
		DP447 Psychological Test Practical			

Period 24 Research Internship and Master Thesis

Period	Number of Weeks	Cognitive Neuroscience	
Period 1	7	CN451 Auditory and cross modal (Speech) Processing	CN452 Mechanisms of Perception and Attention
		CN453 Practical EEG/ERP	
Period 2	7	CN454 Brain Imaging Methods	CN455 The Cognitive Neuroscience of Sensory and Motor Systems
		CN456 fMRI Practical	
Period	24	Research Internship and Masters Th	esis

Period	Number of Weeks	Neuropsychology		
Period 1	7	NP461 Brain Damage	NP462 Behavioural Disorders	
		NP463 Practical Neuropsychologica	Assessment	
Period 2	7	NP464 Arousal, Attention and Psychopharmacology	NP465 Cognitive Aging	
		NP466 Practical Arousal, Attention	and Aging	
Period	24	Research Internship and Masters Thesis		

2.2 TRACK DEVELOPMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY

Developmental Psychology is the study of the development of behaviour and cognitive functions from infancy to adulthood. In this biological track, the focus is especially on understanding how the development of certain behaviours and cognitive functions relates to a persons biological constitution and the development of the brain. Students are made familiar with current developmental theories and research findings from different fields and will get acquainted with various research tools.

Students learn what is needed, both biologically and environmentally, to develop functions such as audition, vision, language, social perception and emotion and motor abilities. Both normal and abnormal development are important topics.

Course DP441 Infancy – 4 European credits

Coordinator: Hans Stauder, Neurocognition, Phone 38 81933, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.736, E-mail: h.stauder@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

The aim of this course is to examine the relationship between biological and psychological development from conception to roughly the fourth year of life. Special attention will be paid to methods and techniques for conducting both fundamental and clinical research with infants.

In no other period during our development does our body and brain functioning change so fundamentally and quickly as it does during infancy. An additional challenge in infancy research is the limitation posed on communication. Questions and instructions are of no use in the case of infants. One has often to depend, therefore, on indirect methods of measurement. Despite these complications, fascinating findings have been reported on the sensory and cognitive capacities of babies over the past few decades. The main insights gained into the capacities of babies and the psychology of infancy will be looked at during this course.

It begins with some of the specific problems encountered in infancy research and also the research techniques used. Next, theoretical and physiological aspects of prenatal and perinatal development and their consequences for later cognitive development are considered. After paying attention to the development of reflexes in newborns, the development of perception and object recognition is addressed. Individual differences and critical periods in development are illustrated by a number of developmental disorders. Finally, the early development of the 'ultimate' form of human cognition is addressed: language and consciousness. *Literature*

• Slater, A. & Lewis, M. (2002). Introduction to infant development. Oxford UK: Oxford University Press.

• Research articles.

Instructional Approach

Tutorial group meetings (10), lectures (4).

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a test with essay questions.

Course DP442 Perception, Attention and Motor Development – 4 European

credits

Coordinator: Lisa Jonkman, Neurocognition, Phone 38 81956, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.732, E-mail: l.jonkman@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

This course is aimed at providing an overview of the human development of perception, attention and motor skills from infancy to adulthood. Besides normal development, some common developmental disorders involving perceptual,

attention or motor functions will also be discussed.

Although perception, attention and motor functions undergo the most spectacular changes during infancy, development proceeds during the course of one's entire lifespan. In the present course students will be acquainted with theories and experimental findings related to the development of these functions, with an emphasis on biological and physiological models. Knowledge about the way in which brain development is linked to the development of specific cognitive functions is crucial for determining the constraint of existing development theories. During the course it will soon become evident that perception and motor development are closely related to attention development. Developmental disorders in perception, attention or motor functions can have divergent consequences, depending on the age at which they have their origin. Being born deaf or becoming deaf at a later age has for instance quite different consequences for brain development and the speed of development of other functions. A number of common childhood disorders associated with deviant development of perception, attention or motor functions, will be discussed, paying attention to both neuropsychological and neurobiological theories pertaining to their origin. Other specific topics are: the development of 'bottom-up' versus 'top-down' attention processes and the role of eye-movements here, the development of executive functions and frontal cortex, the development of perceptual-motor functions, ADHD, Gilles de la Tourette and possible intervention or rehabilitation methods (both pharmacological as well as cognitive). *Literature*

Various articles; articles that are not available electronically will be made available in a reader.

Instructional Approach

Tutorial group meetings (10), lectures (4).

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a test of essay questions.

Practical DP443 Measuring Attention and Executive Functions in Behavioural

Paradigms – 2 European credits (or Practical DP444)

Coordinator: Lisa Jonkman, Neurocognition, Phone 38 81956, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.732, E-mail: l.jonkman@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Practical

The primary goal of this practical training is to become acquainted with behavioural paradigms to measure the attention and executive functions in children and adults. A second goal is to learn how to define a valid research question, apply statistics to acquired data, and interpret results.

Students will perform several attention and executive function tasks that are frequently applied in clinical and non-clinical developmental settings. The group data will eventually be gathered and given to the students so that they can perform statistical analyses on the data dependent on their research questions which have been individually determined and based on reading the provided literature. At the end students will present and discuss their findings both in group meetings and in a written report.

Literature

Several research articles.

Instructional Approach

Lectures (defining research questions and statistical analysis) (2), tutorial group meetings, lab-sessions (performing tasks) and computer sessions (data-analysis). In total, there will be about 5 sessions. Some additional work outside sessions is also required.

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of an individually written short report (4-6 pages) in abbreviated article form.

Practical DP444 EEG/ERP – 2 European credits (or Practical DP443)

Coordinators: Fren Smulders, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 81909, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.744, E-mail: f.smulders@psychology.unimaas.nl and Mart Bles, Neurocognition, Phone 38 84042, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.749, E-mail: m.bles@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Practical

The goal of this practical is to give the students hands-on experience with experimental design, acquisition and analysis of EEG/ERP experiments.

First, students will be introduced to the possibilities and limitations of EEG and ERP research: how to set up a proper experimental paradigm, and how to interpret the resulting data. Furthermore, students receive a general introduction into basic signal analysis, and into some specific analyses of EEG and ERP (artifact management, spectral analysis, filtering, ERP averaging, etc.). After that, there will be some hands-on training in smaller groups in conducting an ERP experiment, including electrode application, minimizing artifacts, and hygiene and safety in the lab. A simple paradigm will be used that produces reliable results for even a single subject. Data processing will include various EEG analyses that are commonly used, e.g. analyses in the time and frequency domain. Each group will report and discuss their findings with one another and as a whole.

Literature

• Handbook: To be specified.

• Additional articles (to be assigned).

Instructional Approach

Lecture(s) (ERP and basics of signal processing), tutorial groups (study the literature), a lab-session (measurement), and computer-sessions (analysis).

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a short report (2-4 pages) in abbreviated article-form (intro-methods-results-discussion). **Course DP445 Development of Cognition and Language – 4 European credits**

Coordinator: Erik van Loosbroek, Neurocognition, Phone 38 84045, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.474, E-mail: e.vanloosbroek@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

This course will provide an introduction to changes that underlie normal and abnormal development of the child's cognitive system. This development is described from one year of age and concentrates on changes in thinking and language and their interdependencies due in part to changes in brain structures and mechanisms. Two questions are important in a developmental approach: which changes take place as one gets older and how do these come about. The former question attempts to identify the nature of the changes. For example, what changes take place if children learn mental addition and subtraction? If differences in behaviour between two age groups are indeed identified and specified in terms of their underlying competence, they may suggest what lies behind the changes. This leads to the next question that is at the heart of developmental studies and is about the mechanism by which changed behaviour emerges. Developmental mechanisms are especially relevant to complex symbolic skills such as reading and arithmetic that can be conceived of as cascaded processes which generally span a long period of time and many components. The study of these mechanisms and their basis in the brain is complex and addresses many methodological issues that will be also discussed in the course. More specific examples of the age changes in several areas of cognition and language that will be looked at are number representation, word learning, visual-spatial working memory, dyslexia and the Williams syndrome.

Literature

Articles in e-reader.

Instructional Approach Tutorial group meetings (10), lectures (7).

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a written exam.

Course DP446 Social Emotional Development – 4 European credits

Coordinator: Harry Smit, Neurocognition, Phone 38 82176, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.756, E-mail: h.smit@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

People in every generation develop a body and a brain; they develop the skills to express the most subtle emotions, learn to recognize and understand these emotions, moods, and the thoughts of others. They enter into extremely complex social and emotional interactions with other people. In this course scientific studies into how social emotional life develops will be discussed. Social emotional development will be studied at four levels. First the genetic level: through studying psychopathologies e.g. the syndrome of Rett and Williams, and autism) and the role of some genes in social emotional development will be analysed. Second is the level of brain mechanisms (e.g. the role of the amygdala in the development of social cognition). Third is neuropsychology level. How do cognitive functions (as represented in a theory of mind) and emotional expressions (like blushing) develop and how is their development mediated by brain structures? Lastly there is the level of evolutionary psychology. Why have specific developmental patterns been selected during the course of evolution? Since social emotional development is not of theoretical interest only, practical implications of theories about social emotional development are also dealt with.

Literature

Various articles (no textbook or E-reader).

Instructional Approach

Tutorial group meetings (10), lectures (5-7).

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a test with essay questions.

Practical DP447 Psychological Test Practical – 2 European credits

Coordinators: Erik van Loosbroek, Neurocognition, Phone 38 84045, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.747, E-mail: e.vanloosbroek@psychology.unimaas.nl and Hans Stauder, Neurocognition, Phone 38 81933, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.736, E-mail: h.stauder@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Practical

In the practical we are concerned with psychological tests that are administered to assess the cognitive development and functioning of children at varying ages. Specifically, we are concerned with teaching students basic skills and increasing their reflection on these skills such as administering, interpreting and constructing mental capacity tests for children. For example, students get experience with the WISC, SON, and Bayley's Developmental Scales (BOS 2~30). *Literature*

User's guides of the mental capacity tests as well as selected papers are studied.

Instructional Approach

Lectures and tutorial meetings.

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of written reports in line with faculty guidelines for each of the respective skills.

2.3 TRACK COGNITIVE NEUROSCIENCE

The teaching programme covers relevant topics of Cognitive Neuroscience (CNS), and reflects the research expertise of the group 'cognitive neuroscience'. Students learn about CNS theories, and how to measure and interpret human brain activity, using imaging techniques to observe (fMRI, EEG/MEG), and modulate (TMS) the brain 'at work'.

CNS unravels the cognitive and neural mechanisms that are at work whenever we hear, see, think, talk, attend to others, or move, i.e. core aspects of human behaviour.

Course CN451 Auditory and Cross Modal (Speech) Processing

4 European credits

Coordinator: Bernadette Jansma, Neurocognition, Phone 38 81934, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.742, E-mail: b.jansma@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

Whereas the human visual system has been studied extensively in cognitive neuroscience so far, only little is known about the constructive neural nature of the human auditory system: How do we segregate the sound of a Ferrari from the background sounds of other running car engines, or the voice of a friend from that of many others in a crowd? How is auditory information integrated with other senses such as vision or touch? In the last few years the cognitive neuroscience research on auditory and speech perception has set milestone for gaining better understanding about how our brain manages these tasks. We see this knowledge as very important because hearing and communicating with the environment and with others is one of the most relevant human cognitive skills.

This course aims to develop knowledge about the human auditory and speech system. We will start with basic neural anatomy and how this might constrain but also help auditory processing. We will then learn about the basics of "segregation", features of "sound perception", and higher order "spoken word recognition". In addition to these bottom-up processes we will also address top-down processes, i.e. how can the human mind manipulate auditory perception or how does it generate speech from intentions and thoughts. We will also address the link between perception and production in terms of speech monitoring, as well as cross modal integration between vision and audition.

The objective of this course is to provide:

- knowledge of the basic neural principles of auditory and speech processing;
- knowledge of cognitive models of auditory and speech perception, and higher order language processing;
- critical thinking with regard to recent and ongoing research in the domain of auditory/speech processing, including event-related potential (ERP) and fMRI studies.

Literature To be specified. Instructional Approach Tutorial group meetings (10), lectures (6). Form of Assessment The assessment consists of a test with essay questions.

Course CN452 Mechanisms of Perception and Attention – 4 European credits

Coordinator: Peter De Weerd, Neurocognition, Phone 38 84513, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.754, E-mail: p.deweerd@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

The objective of the course is to present current neuro-cognitive theories and experimental methods in the field of visual attention. Background information on the visual system's organisation will also be covered. Vision is a complex cognitive process, which provides us with a richer stream of information than any of the other senses. Primate visual cortex is composed of at least 30 highly interconnected functionally specialized regions. The regions where visual information first enters the cortex are called early visual areas. Neurons in these areas have relatively simple properties, and their relatively small receptive fields are arranged to form retinotopic maps of the environment on the cortex. Higher level visual processing occurs in a ventral and dorsal stream, each of which is composed of regions specialized for representation of more complex visual content (including motion, faces and places). This network of functionally specialized perceptual regions can adapt to the task the organism is faced with. This is the case, for example, when looking for someone in a crowd, focussing on one face at a time. There are different kinds of attention, but attention can be generally described as involving some type of selection of information. When the attentional selection of information is accompanied by a behaviour (such as an eye movement towards an interesting stimulus), attention is called 'overt'. However, there are also internal, covert forms of attention that do not require motor activity. Attention can be voluntary (controlled, top-down) or involuntary (automatic, bottom-up). Furthermore, attention can be directed to locations in space or to objects, or to features within objects.

In this course, neural mechanisms underlying these various types of attention will be studied. We will focus on recent neuroscientific research in visual perception and attention involving different empirical methods including psychophysics, neurophysiology, functional brain imaging, and evoked potentials, with an emphasis on neurophysiology. Literature Literature (relevant articles or chapters) will be offered mostly via the electronic reader. Instructional Approach Group discussions (10), lectures (up to 6). Form of Assessment The assessment consists of a test with essay questions (which may be divided in sub-parts).

Practical CN453 EEG/ERP – 2 European credits

Coordinators: Fren Smulders, Experimental Psychology, Phone 38 81909, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.744, E-mail: f.smulders@psychology.unimaas.nl and Mart Bles, Neurocognition, Phone 38 84042, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.749, E-mail: m.bles@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Practical

The goal is to provide students with hands-on experience in experimental design, acquisition and analysis of EEG/ERP experiments.

First, students will be introduced to the possibilities and limitations of EEG and ERP research: how to set up a proper experimental paradigm, and how to interpret the resulting data. Furthermore, students receive a general introduction into basic signal analysis, and into some specific analyses of EEG and ERP (artifact management, spectral analysis, filtering, ERP averaging, etc.). Next, there will be hands-on training in smaller groups on running an ERP experiment, including electrode application, minimizing artifacts, and hygiene and safety in the lab. A simple paradigm will be used that gives reliable results for even a single subject. Data processing will include various EEG analyses that are commonly used, e.g. analyses in the time and frequency domain. Each group will report and discuss their findings with one another and as a whole.

Literature

- Handbook: To be specified.
- Additional articles (to be assigned).

Instructional Approach

Lecture(s) (ERP and basics of signal processing), tutorial groups (study the literature), a lab-session (measurement), and computer-sessions (analysis).

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a short report (2-4 pages) in abbreviated article-form (intro-methods-results-discussion). **Course CN454** Brain Imaging Methods – 4 European credits

Coordinator: Elia Formisano, Neurocognition, Phone 38 84040, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.738, E-mail: e.formisano@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

The investigation of human brain functions using a range of imaging methods represents the most influential development in Cognitive Neuroscience in the last years. In previous courses, you learned essential facts about all major brain mapping techniques, including scalp-recorded Electroencephalography (EEG) and Magnetoencephalography (MEG), Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation (TMS), Positron Emission Tomography (PET) and functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging (fMRI). In this course we will focus on fMRI.

FMRI has clear advantages over the other methods particularly in terms of increased spatial resolution. Since its invention in 1992, fMRI has led to major advances in understanding the neural mechanisms that underlie higher levels of human mental activity and has established a strong link between cognitive psychology and neuroscientific research. Whereas in other courses in Cognitive Neuroimaging, you either have been or will be confronted with several applications of fMRI in specific cognitive domains (visual perception and attention, sensor motor integration, auditory perception), during Brain Imaging Methods you will gain a deeper knowledge of fundamental and methodological aspects of fMRI.

Specifically, the course is intended to provide:

knowledge of the basic principles underlying (f)MRI

• understanding of theoretical and practical aspects related to the experimental design and data analysis in functional brain imaging

• appreciation of potentialities and limitations of fMRI and other brain imaging techniques in studying human brain functions and addressing questions such as: 'How can the fMRI signal be related to neural activity?' 'How are functional images obtained with an MRI scanner?' 'What do I need for doing a good fMRI measurement?' 'How are "activation maps" created?'

Literature

• Textbook: Jezzard P, Matthews PM and Smith SS. (2001) Functional MRI - An Introduction to Methods. Oxford University Press, Oxford, Great Britain.

• Various articles – to be announced.

Instructional Approach

Lectures (6) and tutorial group meetings (10).

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a test with essay questions.

Course CN455 The Cognitive Neuroscience of Sensory and Motor Systems

– 4 European credits

Coordinator: Alard Roebroeck, Neurocognition, Phone 38 84039, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.749, E-mail: a.roebroeck@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

Most of the things we do every day (riding a bicycle, typing a summary, drinking a cup of coffee) require the continuous interaction of brain systems that serve sensory perception and systems that control our muscles. In other words, most of the things we do require sensor motor integration. In this course we will study a couple of important aspects of sensor motor integration in the brain, particularly in the context of visual perception. Since sensory perception (visual as well as auditory) is covered extensively in other courses, we will focus mainly on the motor system and the transformation and processing of sensory information to serve motor control. We start with basic processes such as: types of motor control (since visual perception takes a little time, how should you use past information to control future actions?), the representations used by primary and secondary motor areas (what is the parameter that is under ultimate control: muscle contractions, joint angles, or whole movements?) and the coordination of transformations (how do you get from visual information, coded relative to the point you are looking at, to motor commands that are coded relative to your body or the object you grasp?). Later, we will focus on higher level issues such as motor learning, predicting the actions of others, and reacting to errors in performance. All topics will be discussed in the context of cognitive neuroscience research and we will learn how these topics can be investigated both with classical behavioural experiments as well as with modern techniques such as functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging.

Literature

Various recent journal articles and chapters from books - to be announced.

Instructional Approach

Lectures (6) and tutorial group meetings (10).

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a test with essay questions.

Practical CN456 fMRI – 2 European credits

Coordinators: Elia Formisano, Neurocognition, Phone 38 84040, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.738, E-mail: e.formisano@psychology.unimaas.nl and Alard Roebroeck, Neurocognition, Phone 38 84039, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.749, E-mail: a.roebroeck@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Practical

The primary goal is to provide some hands-on experience in experimental design, acquisition and analysis of fMRI experiments. Students receive a general experimental question/hypothesis, which should be suitably refined for testing in an fMRI experiment. They will then design and prepare the experiment and these designs and experimental setups will subsequently be discussed. One/two designs will be actually implemented and scanned. Students then engage in the statistical analysis of the scanned datasets. Assistance and prior preparation, especially in the implementation stage (stimulus programming) and data analysis stage (preparation of data in usable format for analysis in Brain Voyager QX), will be provided by the tutors. The tutorial/practicum groups will be left free to test a different hypothesis, and conduct different types of analysis. Each group will report and discuss their findings with one another and as a whole. *Literature*

Functional MRI: An Introduction to Methods. (2002) P. Jezzard and S.M. Smith (Eds). Oxford University Press Additional papers (to be assigned).

Instructional Approach

Tutorial group meetings (design the studies), lab-sessions (scanning), and computer-sessions (analysis). In total, there will be 7 sessions. Some additional work outside the sessions is expected.

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a short report (4-6 pages) in abbreviated article form.

2.4 TRACK NEUROPSYCHOLOGY

The track Neuropsychology is focused on cognition, brain and behaviour in health and disease. Emphasis is on the cognitive as well as affective functions, general intellectual abilities and bio-psychological mechanism in children, adolescents and adults. Both theoretical and applied questions are addressed to neural, cognitive, medical and psychological/psychosocial factors.

The programme aspires to provide sound theoretical knowledge and insights, to acquire methodological skills and the practical experience which is necessary to pursue either a clinical or a research career in the broad domain of Neuropsychology.

Course NP461 Brain Damage – 4 European credits

Coordinator: Martin van Boxtel, Neurocognition, Phone 38 81028, 10 Dr. Tanslaan, Room 4.E3.017, E-mail: m.vanboxtel@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

Students are introduced to the fields of Behavioural Neurology and Neuropsychology: what do pathological conditions in brain structure and function tell us about the relationship between brain and behaviour?

Much of what we know about cognitive processes and affective functioning has been learned from close observation of patients with damage to the central nervous system. This course reviews mechanisms of the relationship between brain and behaviour that are the basis of neuropsychological dysfunctions in persons who suffer from brain damage. Students acquire knowledge about the causes and neurobiological effects of brain lesions, and get acquainted with the taxonomy of common neuropsychological syndromes. Functional disturbances that occur after focal or diffuse lesions in different cortical areas, in connecting tracts, in limbic and other subcortical brain structures are discussed, together with the neurocognitive assessment procedures that are necessary to identify such deficits, including disorders of memory, praxis, language, visual spatial abilities and executive function. After completion of the course the students will have an overview of the functional brain anatomy (including lobar anatomy and cerebral vascularization), the neurophysiology of brain repair, and the neurological diseases (e.g. brain trauma, stroke, and epilepsy) which are relevant for Neuropsychology, both as a clinical and a research discipline. Finally, the student will be familiar with the fundamental processes involved in brain plasticity and behavioural rehabilitation.

. Literature

• Selected readings from neuropsychological and neurological handbooks.

Course syllabus (e-reader).

Instructional Approach

Tutorial group meetings (10), lectures (5).

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a test with essay questions.

Course NP462 Behavioural Disorders – 4 European credits

Coordinator: Dymphie Scholtissen-In de Braek, Neuropsychology and Psychiatry, Phone 368 5264, PMS Vijverdal, Room 0.039, E-mail: d.indebraek@np.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

The aim is to learn more about cognitive function and dysfunction in neuropsychiatric and psychiatric conditions. Furthermore, the aim is to gain insight into biological and (neuro)psychological mechanisms and possible treatment of these disorders.

The course in "Behavioural Disorders" deals with changes in psychological functioning, which occur in frequently observed brain disorders. Focus will be placed on function and dysfunction in the domain of behavioural planning and organisation, shifting, cognitive control, self-evaluation and social monitoring. These processes are thought to be especially dependent on the proper functioning of areas in the frontal lobes and circuits which connect these to other parts of the brain. There is an overlap with the so-called 'executive functions'. This course will give students an idea of the typical appearance of behavioural disorders and cognitive disorders, and the coexisting brain and behavioural mechanisms that are connected to these disorders. The emphasis lies on problems which occur in neuropsychiatric disorders and psychiatric conditions, such as schizophrenia, obsessive compulsive disorders will be discussed. For example, psychological problems in cerebrovascular diseases and mild traumatic brain injury will be dealt with. Finally, biological and psychological mechanisms underlying behavioural and cognitive disorders will be discussed. In this course we focus on both casuistic impressions as well as on theoretic paradigms that are important in behavioural disorders. *Literature*

Several articles (reader) and chapters of different books.

Instructional Approach

Tutorial group meetings (10), lectures (7).

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a test with essay questions.

Practical NP463 Neuropsychological Assessment – 2 European credits

Coordinator: Jeanette Dijkstra, Psychiatry & Neuropsychology, Phone 387 4117, 10 Dr. Tanslaan, Room 4.G4.O34, E-mail:

j.dijkstra@np.unimaas.nl

Description of the Practical

The goal is to acquire basic skills for collecting neuropsychological data in human individuals.

In this training elements of psychological research in relation to 1) intellect, 2) cognition, 3) mood, 4) personality and 5) behaviour will be discussed. It starts with an introductory lecture in which the principles and interpretation of neuropsychological diagnostics are outlined and illustrated with case studies. Tests used in the practical are demonstrated, including interpretation and how to report the outcomes. Next, students are trained in neuropsychological history taking which they will perform on trained actors who simulate different types of neurological or neuropsychological examination of different patients on video. Finally, by using data from patient history, test observations and examination results, students write a comprehensive neuropsychological report, which is graded. In a final tutorial group meeting specific problems of the assessments and the individual reports are discussed. *Literature*

• Handbook: Lezak, M. D. (2004). Neuropsychological Assessment (4th ed.). New York: Oxford University Press.

• Additional articles (to be assigned).

Instructional Approach

Introductory lecture, literature study, plenary debriefing session.

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a 3-4 page case report.

Course NP464 Arousal, Attention and Psychopharmacology – 4 European credits

Coordinator: Annemiek Vermeeren, Neurocognition, Phone 38 81952, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 2.738, E-mail: a.vermeeren@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

This course will focus on the role of "arousal" in cognitive and psychomotor performance.

In general terms, arousal refers to a person's overall state or level of activity and is closely linked to concepts such as alertness and attention. It is often thought of as the amount of energy or attentional capacity a person has available to work with.

Arousal may change over different time scales, ranging from rapid transient reactions to novel stimuli, to slower changes during long and repetitious tasks, to changes over days due to circadian rhythms and sleep deprivation, and to chronic changes as a result of diseases. All these various aspects of arousal are potentially relevant to performance. Traditionally, research on arousal and performance has used a simple approach, arousal theory, also referred to as the Yerkes-Dodson Law, or the inverted U model. We will consider the various shortcomings of this unidimensional theory and discuss an alternative multidimensional approach. Results from experimental studies of the separate effects and interactions of various stressors such as sleep deprivation, drugs and task complexity, suggest that there are multiple arousal systems.

Brain circuits and neurotransmitter systems linking structures in the brain stem, such as the reticular formation, to the cortex are seen as the primary regulatory systems of arousal. The activity of these systems can be selectively increased or decreased with psychoactive drugs in order to clarify their role in attention and performance.

In summary, in this course we will examine a) the effects on performance of factors influencing arousal and attention, such as drugs, sleep deprivation, environmental conditions and psychiatric disorders, b) theoretical models dealing with the relation between arousal, attention and cognitive performance, and c) the way in which arousal and attention are regulated in the body.

Instructional Approach

Tutorial group meetings (10) and lectures (circa 5).

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a test with essay questions.

Course NP465 Cognitive Aging – 4 European credits

Coordinator: Pascal van Gerven, Neurocognition, Phone 38 84512, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 2.742, E-mail: p.vangerven@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Course

This course will cover a broad range of topics in the field of cognitive aging. A thorough understanding of normal cognitive aging is considered essential before issues in abnormal aging may be considered. Essential questions are: What is cognitive aging? What neurobiological and cognitive mechanisms determine whether a person ages pathologically, normally, or successfully? How can this aging process be influenced? Students will critically reflect on essential theories, state-of-the-art research, established research methods, and clinical interventions to address these questions. Themes will be physical aging, brain aging, cognitive aging (behavioural perspective), pathological aging (dementias, Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, personality disorders), interventional strategies (e.g., cognitive training), and methodological issues in aging research.

Literature

An e-reader will be provided (although most of the literature will also be available in the library). The course will not be accompanied by a textbook, but useful reference books will be recommended in the course manual. *Instructional Approach*

Tutorial group meetings (10) and lectures (at least 5 including the opening lecture). Form of Assessment The assessment consists of a test with essay questions.

Practical NP466 Arousal, Attention and Aging – 2 European credits

Coordinators: Eric Vuurman, Neuropsychology, Phone 38 81046, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 2.747, E-mail: e.vuurman@np.unimaas.nl and Annemiek Vermeeren, Neurocognition, Phone 38 81952, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 2.738, E-mail: a.vermeeren@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the Practical

The aim of this practical is for students to gain experience in experimental research, by studying the effects of an arousal manipulation (environmental noise) on cognitive processing in young and elderly volunteers. The practical involves the conduct, analysis, and reporting of a psychological experiment. The experiment will address the question whether cognitive performance is differentially influenced by environmental noise in healthy young and elderly volunteers. Students can work in pairs. Each pair of students will have to recruit a number of young (e.g. 18-30 years, n=3) and elderly (e.g. 60+, n=3) volunteers, and test them in their normal domestic environment. Volunteers will perform two cognitive tests (e.g. verbal learning and concept shifting) while being exposed to three different environmental noise conditions (e.g. silence, white noise and speech). Students will be urged to critically think about the research design (e.g. counterbalancing of conditions). The data of all volunteers will be made available to students and a report on the results of the study has to be written in the form of a journal article. Students are expected to process the raw data, make graphic data presentations, and apply the relevant statistical tests. The results should be discussed within the theoretical frameworks presented in the parallel courses Aging and Arousal Attention and Psychopharmacology.

Literature

E-reader.

Instructional Approach

Plenary lectures (2), experiment (data collection, statistical analysis).

Form of Assessment

The assessment consists of a writing research paper.

2.5 RESEARCH INTERNSHIP AND MASTER'S THESIS

The second part of the year of the Masters Programme is devoted to arranging and conducting a research internship. This will be in the field of the track a student has chosen out of one of the masters specialization programmes, under the supervision of a faculty member. As a result of the many international research contacts our faculty members have established, a substantial number of students will conduct their research internship abroad. Students finalize the masters programme by writing a thesis on their internship.

Either a faculty member or an external, qualified researcher supervises the research internship. The internship can be done at the University Maastricht, at external research institutes or at practically-oriented institutions. In the latter case, a faculty member will be the supervisor.

The masters thesis will be evaluated and graded by the supervisor/faculty member and by a second reviewer. At least one of the reviewers should belong to the Faculty of Psychology (FdP).

Information about research internships offered by faculty members can be found on Blackboard: Eleum.unimaas.nl/Students Faculty of Psychology. You can also find there a detailed guide to the research internship and the masters thesis.

As already mentioned, research internships can also be carried out abroad. For practical information about international research internships, contact Loes Mallee, Bureau Internationalisering (Internationalization Office): Phone 38 81920; 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 5.753, E-mail: I.mallee@psychology.unimaas.nl

For more information about research internships contact Ingrid Candel, coordinator for Applied Cognitive Psychology: Phone 38 81963, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 3.743, E-mail: i.candel@psychology.unimaas.nl and Wijnand Raaijmakers, coordinator for Biological Psychology: Phone 38 81880, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.777a, E-mail: w.raaijmakers@psychology.unimaas.nl

2.6 **PSYCHODIAGNOSTICS REGISTRATION**

Coordinator: Anton de Vries, Neurocognition, Phone 38 84043, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 4.765, E-mail: a.devries@psychology.unimaas.nl

Description of the registration

Psycho diagnostics is the branch of psychology in which people are qualified by psychological assessment. These qualifications are important in many judgment and decision processes. Examples are: personnel selection, the evaluation of child molesting, or educational career decisions. The illustrations make clear that these qualifications may have important consequences.

To promote the quality of the psycho diagnostic profession, the Dutch Institute of Psychologists (NIP) has introduced a registration of psycho diagnostics. This registration warrants that the student masters the fundamental knowledge and

skills that are rooted in accepted psycho diagnostic principles. The registration is awarded by way of a NIP signed certificate. The student receives it on graduation in supplement of the Masters diploma. The graduate is also incorporated in a public register that is managed by the NIP. Additional information about this registration and its regulations is to be found at: www.psynip.nl.

Conditions

At the time of going to press of this prospectus it was not clear for which tracks the registration can be obtained. Probably it will be possible for the tracks Developmental Psychology, Neuropsychology, Experimental Health Psychology and Psychology and Law. The exact requirements will be specified as soon as this is published by the NIP. Information

Additional information is available at: www.personeel.unimaas.nl/A.deVries/- edu/BAPD/

Students intending to qualify for this registration should contact Anton de Vries. It is vital for the student to ensure that the planned training period allows the student to gain sufficient diagnostic experience. Also for additional information on these regulations you can contact him.



Education and Examination Regulations - Masters

Chapter 3

Education and Examination Regulations - Masters

3.1 EDUCATION AND EXAMINATION REGULATIONS - MASTERS

Section 1 General Conditions

Education and Examination Regulations for the 2005-2006 academic year for de Masters Study Programme in the Faculty of Psychology, as meant in article 7.13 of the Act on Higher Education and Research (WHW).

Article 1.1 Scope of the Regulations

These regulations apply to the education and examinations for the full-time Masters Study programme in Psychology, hereinafter referred to as the study programme.

The study programme is offered by the Faculty of Psychology, hereinafter referred to as the Faculty.

The regulations have been established by the Faculty Board, after the advice from the study programme board and the approval from the Faculty Council had been obtained, and will apply as of 1st September 2005 for the 2005-2006 academic year.

Article 1.2 Definitions

In these regulations the following is understood by:

a. The Act: the Higher Education and Research Act (WHW);

b. Student: he/she who has been enrolled at the University of Maastricht as of 1st December 2005, for the purpose of attending the courses and/or taking the tests and the examination of the study programme.

c. Academic year: the period from 1st September of a calendar year up to 31st August of the following calendar year.

- d. Part: a study unit of the study programme as meant by article 7.3 of the Act.
- e. Course: a study unit of the study programme, as meant by the Act.
- f. Tutorial Group Meeting: a practical exercise, as meant by article 7.13 paragraph 2, sub t of the Act.
- g. Practical Training: a practical exercise, as meant by article 7.13, paragraph 2, sub d of the Act.
- h. Test: the test as part of the examination as meant by article 7.10, paragraph 1 of the Act.
- i. Examination: the final examination for the Masters study programme.

j. Credit: a study load of 28 hours of study, in accordance with article 7.4 of the Act. The study load of the Masters study programme amounts to 60 European credits.

- k. Examination Board: the board as meant by article 7.12 of the Act.
- I. Examiner: the person appointed by the examination board, charged with administering exams.

m. Course Coordinator, alternatively Practical Training Coordinator: an examiner who is responsible for the

content of a certain course, or alternatively responsible for the practical training in a certain course.

n. Board of Appeal: the Board of Appeal for Examinations as meant by article 7.60 of the Act.

o. Rules and Regulations: the rules drawn up by the examination board to ensure a smooth running of the tests, and the regulations governing the way in which the examinee is assessed and how the results of the tests and examinations are arrived at as meant by article 7.12, paragraph 4 of the Act.

p. Faculty Board: the Executive Board of the Faculty of Psychology of the University of Maastricht as meant by article 9.24 of the Act.

Other notions are to be understood in accordance with the meaning assigned to them by the Act.

Article 1.3 Purpose of the Study Programme

1. The purpose of the study programme is the following:

- academic education within the context of the Maastricht University educational concept and its distinct profile;
- deepening of a student's specific choice for a particular field of study;

- possibility to broaden one's knowledge in other disciplines;
- acquisition of specialized knowledge, skills and insight in the field of psychology, particularly in the fields of Cognitive or Biological Psychology;
- preparation for a possible further programme of study in scientific research.
- In combination with the Bachelor Degree in Psychology, the study programme must see to:
- the preparation of a career in the field of Cognitive or Biological Psychology.
- 2. There are sufficient elements in the study programme to enhance the further development of the academic formation of the student, in particular with regard to:
- thinking and acting independently and scientifically;
- communicating scientifically in English;
- applying specialized scientific knowledge in a broader social context.
- Article 1.4 Organisation of the Study Programme

The study programme will be offered on a full-time basis.

Section 2Structure of the Study Programme

Article 2.1 Study Load

The study programme has a study load of 60 European credits.

Article 2.2 Masters Specialisations and Tracks

Areas of Specialisation in the Masters Study Programme

- a. Applied Cognitive Psychology
- b. Biological Psychology

Tracks in Applied Cognitive Psychology

- Experimental Health Psychology
- Psychology and Law
- Work & Organisational Psychology

Tracks in Biological Psychology

Developmental Psychology

Neuropsychology

Cognitive Neuroscience

Article 2.3 Composition

Masters Degree Specialisation in Applied Cognitive Psychology

Experimental Health Psychology

The Experimental Health Psychology track consists of the following theoretical parts (including the tutorial group and practical training meetings) and accompanying credits:

- The course 'Manipulation' 5 European credits
- The course 'Self-control' 5 European credits
- The course 'Applying Theories' 5 European credits
- The course 'Paradigms and Skills' 5 European credits

In addition, the track includes a compulsory research apprenticeship consisting of:

- The approved research proposal 5 European credits
- The research internship 25 European credits
- The Masters thesis 10 European credits

Psychology and Law

The Psychology and Law track consists of the following theoretical parts (including the tutorial group and practical training meetings) and accompanying credits:

- The course 'Perpetrators and defendants' 4 European credits
- The course 'Eyewitnesses and victims' 4 European credits
- The course 'Experts and their decisions' 4 European credits
- The course 'Paradigms and Skills' 5 European credits
- The practical 'Psychology and law in action'
 3 European credits

In addition, the track includes a compulsory research apprenticeship consisting of:

- The approved research proposal 5 European credits
- The research internship 25 European credits

• The Masters thesis 10 European credits

Work & Organisational Psychology

The Work and Organisational Psychology track consists of the following theoretical parts (including the tutorial group and practical training meetings) and the accompanying credits:

- The course 'Human Performance' 5 European credits
- The course 'Human Resourses' 5 European credits

- The course 'Organisational Behaviour and Cognition'
- 5 European credits
- The course 'Safety Interventions' 5 European credits

In addition, the track includes a compulsory research apprenticeship consisting of:

- The approved research proposal 5 European credits
- The research internship 25 European credits
- The Masters thesis 10 European credits

Master Degree Specialisation in Biological Psychology

Developmental Psychology

The Developmental Psychology track consists of the following theoretical parts (including the tutorial group and practical training meetings) and the accompanying credits:

- The course 'Infancy' 4 European credits
- The course 'Perception, attention and motor development' 4 European credits
- The course 'Development of cognition and language' 4 European credits
- The course 'Social emotional development' 4 European credits
- The practical 'Measuring Attention and Executive Functions
- in Behavioural Paradigms' or 'EEG/ERP 2 European credits
- The practical 'Psychological Test' 2 European credits

In addition, the track includes a compulsory research apprenticeship consisting of:

- The approved research proposal 5 European credits
- The research internship 25 European credits
- The Masters thesis 10 European credits

Cognitive Neuroscience

The Cognitive Neuroscience track consists of the following theoretical parts (including the tutorial group and practical training meetings) and the accompanying credits:

- The course 'Auditory and crossmodal (speech) processing 4 European credits
- The course 'Mechanisms of perception and attention' 4 European credits
- The course 'Brain imaging methods' 4 European credits
- The course 'Cognitive neuroscience of sensory and motor
- systems' 4 European credits
- The practical 'EEG/ERP' 2 European credits
- The practical 'fMRI' 2 European credits

In addition, the track includes a compulsory research apprenticeship consisting of:

- The approved research proposal 5 European credits
- The research internship 25 European credits
- The Masters thesis 10 European credits

Neuropsychology

The Neuropsychology track consists of the following theoretical parts (including the tutorial group and practical training meetings) and the accompanying credits:

- The course 'Braindamage' 4 European credits
- The course 'Behavioral Disorders' 4 European credits
- The course 'Arousal, attention and psychopharmacology' 4 European credits
- The course 'Cognitive aging' 4 European credits
- The practical 'Neuropsychological Assessment' 2 European credits
- The practical 'Arousal, Attention and Aging' 2 European credits

In addition, the track includes a compulsory research apprenticeship consisting of:

- The approved research proposal 5 European credits
- The research internship 25 European credits
- The Masters thesis 10 European credits

Article 2.4 Open Study Programme; Free Masters

1. With the permission of the examination board, students enrolled for a study programme at the Faculty, can put together their own study programme, made up from study units offered by an institution of academic education, followed by an examination.

2. This open study programme must have a study load of 60 European credits, of which 40 European credits have to be obtained by means of the compulsory research internship.

3. The examination board will decide within four weeks after having received a proposal whether permission will be granted.

Article 2.5 Masters Examination in Psychology

The examination consists of the following parts:

The courses pertaining to the selected Masters track;
 The practical training with the accompanying tasks, w

The practical training with the accompanying tasks, whether or not pertaining to the courses as meant under

1;

3. The tutorial group meetings pertaining to the courses as meant under 1, and the practical training as meant under 2;

4. Writing a research proposal;

Carrying out the research internship;

Writing the Masters thesis.

Article 2.6 Language of Instruction

The education and examination in the Masters study programme are conducted in English.

Section 3Tests and Examinations

Article 3.1 Compulsory Sequencing of Parts

1. The research internship can only be started once:

The Bachelor Degree has been obtained;

At least 3 of the 4 compulsory theoretical parts of the Masters track have been completed. In addition, certain research internships in the biological specialisation may require that the practical training has been completed.

2. If a student deviates from the sequencing as described under 1, without permission from the examination

board, the result of the part in question can be declared invalid.

Article 3.2 Periods and Frequency

1. Tests can be taken twice a year, at times determined by the examination board: i.e. once during or immediately following the period in which the relevant unit was offered and once during the course of the academic year.

2. In special cases, the examination board can decide that a test can be taken at a time different to that set in accordance with the previous paragraph.

Article 3.3 Testing

1. As a rule, tests are in written form. This includes tests done on a computer. A written test can consist of open questions, an individual paper, an essay or portfolio testing. If an examiner would like to use another format of testing, the examiner has to request permission from the examination board.

2. For written tests, students can be admitted and take the test for up to 30 minutes after the test has started. In that case no extension of the duration of the test will be granted. After 30 minutes, admission will be refused. Students are not allowed to leave the room where the test is taken, until at least 30 minutes after the test has started.

3. During tests it is not allowed to carry cellular telephones or electronic agenda's. The test will be declared invalid if the student does not conform to this regulation. If a student is caught using a cellular telephone or electronic agenda, a fraud regulation will be applied.

4. A condition for taking tests is the compliance with the minimum requirements for participation in the tutorial group meetings as laid down in article 4 of section 5.2 Rules and Regulations.

5. The examination board has the authority to permit a different form of testing or assessing in special cases.

6. Students with a functional disability may request permission from the examination board to take the tests in a manner which is as far as possible, adapted to their individual disability. The examination board can ask for expert advice before arriving at a decision.

Article 3.4 Oral Testing

In exceptional circumstances the examination board has the authority to permit an oral test. A written request has to be submitted to the examination board. If the request is granted the following conditions will apply:

1. Only one person at the time may be tested orally.

2. An oral test is administered by two examiners, unless the examination board has decided otherwise.

3. Oral tests will be administered in public, unless the examination board or the examiner in question has

decided otherwise in a special case, or if the student has objected to this.

Article 3.5 Written Papers

The examination board can draw up guidelines for papers. These guidelines will be included in the Prospectus or in the manual pertaining to the relevant part.

Article 3.6 Participation in Tutorial Group Meetings

1. The examination board lays down the percentage for compulsory participation in the tutorial group meetings in the rules and regulations and determines how the actual participation of each student is registered.

2. Students who do not comply with the percentage for the minimal, compulsory participation in the tutorial group meetings, but have not missed more than 1 meeting than is allowed, can still comply with the compulsory attendance by applying for a catch-up assignment from the examination board, not later than two weeks after the relevant course has ended. At most, two requests for a catch-up assignment will be granted in each academic year. The examination board will inform the student about this not later than four weeks after the course examination has taken place.

Article 3.7 Proof of Having Passed Courses

1. Once a student has taken part in a sufficient number of tutorial group meetings and has successfully completed the course examination and the practical training, this will count as proof of having passed the relevant course. The proof will be obtained after an examiner or an employee who is not a member of the academic staff, under

the supervision and responsibility of the examination board, has declared that the requirements for that part of the examination have been complied with. A condition for obtaining proof of having passed a course is that the student has complied with the admission requirements for the relevant part of the examination. The examination board can revoke the decision of the examiner if the admission requirements have not been complied with.

2. If the member of staff referred to in the previous paragraph doubts whether the requirements for granting proof of having passed a course have been complied with, he/she puts this before the examination board for a final decision.

Artcle 3. 8 Research Internship

1. The examination board determines the requirements regarding the nature and content of a research internship in the internship regulations.

Before a research internship can be started, the following has to be complied with:

The Bachelor degree must have been obtained;

3 of the 4 theoretical courses of the Masters track must have been successfully completed. In addition, certain research internships for the biological Masters specialisation may require that the practical training has been successfully completed.

3. The research internship regulations are set out in Appendix 1-3.

4. In order to ensure that the research internship proceeds smoothly, further guidelines have been drawn up, which can be found in the Manual on Internships. The manual is provided to all Masters students at the beginning of the academic year.

5. A student can only do a research internship once during his/her programme of study. During the research internship the student will be supervised by the Faculty.

Article 3.9 Period of Validity

As a rule, the period of validity of tests is unlimited.

However, by way of exception, the examination board may impose an additional or substitute test for a part that was passed more than six years ago.

Article 3.10 Right of Inspection

1. The student, on his/her request, has the right to inspect his/her corrected work within a period of two weeks after the announcement of the results of a written test, at a place and time determined by the course coordinator.

2. The student who has taken the test may inspect the questions and assignments of the relevant test, and the norms on which the assessment was based.

Article 3.11 Exemptions

The examination board can, at the request of a student, grant exemption from taking a test or other assessment, if the student provides satisfactory written proof that he/she:

1. has already successfully completed a similar course at a university or college of higher professional education, which is equivalent in content and level;

2. possesses sufficient knowledge and skill in relation to the relevant test by way of work, or professional experience.

Article 3.12 Determining and Publishing Results

1. The examination board determines the norms for the assessment of each part of the examination.

2. The examiner determines the provisional result of a written test within 15 working days after the day on which the test took place, and provides the educational office with the information needed for the publication of the result to the student.

3. The examiner determines the result of an oral test immediately after it has been taken and issues the student with a written statement to this effect. If several students take the same test one after the other, the time for determining the result can be extended by one week at the most.

Article 3.13 Fraud

1. If the examination board ascertains that in the course of any form of testing or assessment, a student: made use of illicit aids, texts or notes, or makes or made use of electronic aids and/or means of

communication:

verbally or by means of gestures communicated or tried to communicate with a fellow student without the permission of a supervisor, examiner or member of the Examination Board;

copied or tried to copy or gave somebody the opportunity to copy;

deliberately misled the examination board, the examiner or the supervisor, with respect to the test, or at least tried to mislead them or gave the opportunity for this to happen;

committed any other form of fraud, which includes also plagiarism,

then the examination board can declare the result of the relevant test or assessment invalid for the student in question. 2. The examination board can furthermore take the following measures regarding the cases as mentioned in paragraph 1:

reprimand,

exclusion from (further) participation in one or more parts of the examination of the study programme for a period of at the most one year.

3. In the case of fraud, the examination board will apply a fraud regulation, i.e. the fraud regulation, as set out in the Rules and Regulations for the Masters Examination. This also specifies what is understood by fraud. Article 3.14 Results Students who anticipate complying in time with the requirements for the Masters examination and who wish to receive the relevant certificate, must submit a request to the examination board to determine the result of the examination, at least 2 months prior to the date of graduation. A decision is taken by the examination board within four weeks. Article 3.15 Examination

1. The examination board determines the result of the Masters examination as soon as the student has submitted sufficient proof of having passed the tests and of the academic formation he/she has acquired. The student, who has met all the requirements for the Masters examination, will be conferred the Masters Degree and will receive the certificate belonging to the Masters examination as proof of this

2. Prior to determining the result of the examination, the examination board may examine the student's knowledge with respect to one or more parts of the study programme, should the results of the relevant tests give rise to this.

Article 3.16 Degree and Certificate

- 1. He/she who has passed the examination successfully will be awarded the Degree of "Master of Science".
- 2. The certificate issued as a result of having passed the examination successfully will contain:
- a. the name of the study programme;
- b. the degree which has been awarded;

c. the most recent date on which the study programme has been accredited, or alternatively has undergone the test of being a new study programme.

3. The certificate will be signed by the chair of the examination board and the dean of the faculty.

4. The presentation of the certificate is done in public, unless the examination board decides otherwise in special cases.

5. A separate list of marks will be issued with the certificate.

6. An English diploma supplement will be issued with the certificate.

7. The examination board can award the certificate with the qualifications of 'with distinction' in accordance with the Rules and Regulations of the Maters examination.

Article 3.17 Right of Appeal

A student has the possibility of appealing to the Board of Appeal for Examinations in accordance with article 7.61 of the Act (which provision has been included in these Regulations). This is pointed out on the form on which a decision by the examiner and the examination board which is open to appeal is communicated to the student. In addition, this form mentions the period within which such an appeal has to be lodged.

Section 4Admission

A. Admission Requirements for a Subsequent Masters Study Programme (art. 7.30a)

Article 4.1 Admission

The following will be admitted to the study programme:

he/she to whom the degree of Bachelor of Science in Psychology of the University of Maastricht has been awarded (the preceding Bachelor Degree) with the proviso that he/she who has completed the Bachelor Degree in Cognitive Psychology will be admitted to the Masters Specialisation in Applied Cognitive Psychology and he/she who has completed the Bachelor Degree in Biological Psychology will be admitted to the Masters Specialisation in Biological Psychology.

Article 4.2 Provisional Admission

1. Contrary to what has been said in article 4.1, the examination board can decide to admit a student who is enrolled in a Bachelor study programme as meant in article 4.1, to the Masters study programme.

- 2. The Examination Board can decide to provisionally admit a candidate as meant in article 4.1, if
- a. the following compulsory parts of the Bachelor study programme have been successfully completed: first and second year of the Bachelor study programme;
 - Bachelor thesis;

at least two of the three courses in Biological Psychology of year 3 or at least two of the three courses in Cognitive Psychology of year 3;

b. only as many parts of the Bachelor study programme are yet to be completed as would amount to a total study load of at the most 30 European credits.

B. Admission Requirements Masters Study Programmes (others than student of the Faculty of Psychology, UM) (art. 7.30b)

Article 4.1 Admissibility

He/she who complies with the requirements as meant in article 4.2 sub a. and to whom a certificate of admission has been issued can be admitted.

Article 4.2 Certificate of Admission

The certificate of admission as meant in article 4.1 will be issued, if

a. the person concerned complies with the following requirements:

(1) having awarded at least a Bachelors or equivalent degree in an academic field;

(2) passing an entrance exam testing basic psychology knowledge and specific knowledge in biological and cognitive psychology, depending on which mas

ter is chosen;

(3) passing an entrance exam in Methods and Statistics;

(4) passing an entrance test in English.

b. (if applicable) the maximum number of persons which can be enrolled for the study programme is not exceeded.

Article 4.3 Capacity Limitations

1. The Dean submits a proposal to the Executive Board at least two months prior to the closing date mentioned in article 4.5 about the maximum number of students to be admitted to the study programme.

2. The admission board arranges an order between the submitted requests of the candidates who comply with the admission requirements as meant in article 4.1.

The admission board grants the requests for admission in accordance with the sequencing which it determines.

Article 4.4 Admission Board

1. The judgement about the admissibility and the issuing of the certificate of admission for the study programme is assigned to the admission board of the study programme. This board consists of:

A member, who is also the chairperson, appointed from among the professors, who are charged with the education in the study programme;

A member (two members) appointed from among the other academic personnel who are charged with the education in the study programme.

2. The student advisor of the relevant study programme is appointed as advisor.

3. The appointment is done by the Dean on the advice of the management of the study programme.

Article 4.5 Times of Review for Admission

1. The review for admission takes place once a year.

2. A request for admission to a study programme must be submitted to the admission board before April, 15 2006.

3. The admission board can in special cases deal with a request for admission even if it has been submitted after the closing date mentioned in point 2.

4. The admission board decides on the request before June 1, 2006. The admission will be granted on the condition that the candidate complies with the requirements as regards knowledge, insight an skills, as stipulated in article B 4.2, and as shown by the certificates of the study programmes the student has followed, at the latest by the starting date of the relevant study programme.

Section 5Study Advice and Guidance

Article 5.1 Study Progress Monitoring

1. The Faculty registers the individual study results of the students in such a way that they can be consulted by the students via Premium.

2. The Faculty provides each student at least once a year (preferably halfway through the second semester) with a copy of the study results obtained by him/her.

Article 5.2 Study Advice and Guidance

The Faculty sees to the introduction and study advice and guidance of the students who have been enrolled for the study programme.

Section 6Transitional and Concluding Conditions

Article 6.1 Amendments

1. Amendments in these regulations will be determined by special decision of the Faculty Board on the advice of the study programme commission and with the approval or advice of the Faculty Council.

2. A change in these regulations does not apply to the current academic year, unless the interests of the students are not adversely affected by it.

3. A change can furthermore not be to the detriment of students by affecting any other decision which had been taken on the strength of the regulations by the examination board for a student.

Article 6.2 Publication

1. The Faculty Board sees to the proper publication of this regulation, of the Rules and Regulations which have been determined by the examination board, and also of any changes in these, by incorporating them in the Prospectus, among other things.

2. Each person interested can obtain a copy of the documents referred to in paragraph 1 from the educational office.

Article 6.3 Unforeseen Cases

The examination board decides in cases which have not been foreseen by these regulations.

Article 6.4 Hardship Clause

The examination board is entitled to deviate from these regulations in individual cases, if a strict adherence will, in its opinion, lead to a considerably unfair situation in view of the special circumstances.

Article 6.5 Appeal

When the results students have obtained for (parts of) tests are announced, the examination board will notify them of the right to inspection, of the possibility to appeal against the decision with the Board of Appeal for Examinations as

meant in article 7.61 of the Act, and of the period of four weeks within which this appeal has to be lodged. Article 6.6 Date of Coming into Force

These regulations take effect on 1st September 2005 and will be effective for the 2005/2006 academic year. Thus enacted with the approval of the Council of the Faculty of Psychology in its meeting of May 19, 2005.

No rights can be derived from the education and examination regulations as included here. Copies of the definitive education and examination regulations can be obtained from the secretariat of the examination board.

3.2 RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR THE MASTERS EXAMINATION OF THE PSYCHOLOGY STUDY PROGRAMME

Article 1 Examination Board

The examination board sees to the execution of the regulation for the Master examination and its parts, taking into account the Act and the education and examination regulations concerning the organisation and scope of the examinations of the psychology study programme of the Faculty of Psychology. The examination board appoints examiners who are competent to administer tests on its behalf. In particular cases the examination board can annul decisions taken by the examiners and can take its own new decision. This will in particular be the case if a student has not complied with the admission requirements for a part of the examination which he/she has taken. Article 2 Composition of the Masters Examination

meant under a.;

The Masters examination consists of the following parts:

a. the theoretical courses pertaining to the Masters track.;

- b. the practical training and accompanying tasks pertaining to the courses as
- c. the tutorial group meetings pertaining to the courses as meant under a.;
- d. the research proposal;
- e. the actual research apprenticeship;
- f. the Masters thesis.

Article 3 Proof of Having Passed a Course

Courses

A student can have a course registered as having been passed if the following requirements have been met:

A minimum of 85% attendance at the tutorial group meetings. A student who arrives more than 10 minutes a. after the official starting time of the meeting shall be considered not to have attended. As regards admissibility to the course examination, a student must have attended a minimum of 85% of the tutorial group meetings in order to be allowed to sit for the course examination. If a student has not complied with the attendance obligation but has not missed more than one other meeting than is allowed, he/she will be admitted provisionally to participate in the course examination. In this case a student can still comply with the attendance obligation by applying for a so-called catch-up assignment. In order to qualify for a catch-up assignment a student must apply for this within two weeks after the course is finished by filling in the form Request Catch-up Assignment Insufficient Attendance (to be collected at the education desk or to be downloaded from Eleum/Blackboard) and handing it in at the education desk on level 0 during opening hours. The student will receive a receipt with the date for handing in the assignment on it. This catch-up assignment will be given to the student if not more than one meeting has been missed than is allowed. The assignment must be handed in to the course coordinator within four weeks after it has been given to the student. If this catch-up assignment is considered to be satisfactory the student has as yet complied with the attendance requirements and the provisional result of the course examination shall be ratified. If the request for a catch-up assignment has not been submitted in time and/or more than one meeting above what is allowed has been missed, the catch-up assignment will not be given and the provisional result of the course examination will be annulled. The student will still have to comply with the attendance obligation and take the course examination in the following academic year. A student can qualify for a catch-up assignment at the most twice per academic year. After a catch-up assignment has been given twice, this regulation cannot be utilised another time in the same academic year;

b. A satisfactory assessment and attendance for the practical training. A student who arrives more than 10 minutes after the official starting time of the practical training shall be considered not to have attended;

c. At least sufficient marks for the final course examination.

Article 4 Attendance Obligation

1. There is a 100% attendance obligation in the case of the practical training sessions. It may happen that for certain courses no distinction is made between tutorial group meetings and practical training sessions. In this case there will be a minimum of 9 and a maximum of 18 meetings for those courses and there will be an attendance obligation of 85%.

2. There will be an attendance obligation of at least 85% in respect of the tutorial group meetings in each course:

- on a total of 18 meetings: at least 15 meetings;
- on a total of 16 or 17 meetings: at least 14 meetings;
- on a total of 15 meetings: at least 13 meetings;
- on a total of 14 meetings: at least 12 meetings;
- on a total of 13 meetings: at least 11 meetings;
- on a total of 12 meetings: at least 10 meetings;
- on a total of 11 or 10 meetings: at least 9 meetings
- on a total of 9 meetings: at least 8 meetings

- on a total of 8 meetings: at least 7 meetings;
- on a total of 7 meetings: at least 6 meetings;
- on a total of 6 meetings: at least 5 meetings;

In the case of 5 or fewer meetings there is an attendance obligation of 100%.

- 3. The participation in the tutorial group meetings and the practical training sessions will be registered on a form for each tutorial group.
- 4. If a student has not complied with the attendance obligation the relevant course will not be registered as having been passed.
- Article 5 Requirements for the Masters Psychology Examination

The awarding of the Masters degree and the issuing of the relevant Certificate will take place, when proof of having passed all parts of the examination have been obtained:

- 1. At least sufficient marks for each of the tests;
- 2. Proof of satisfactory performance for all practical training sessions which are part of the education;
- 3. Compliance with the attendance obligation for all courses and practical training sessions;
- 4. Proof of satisfactory completion of the research proposal;
- 5. Proof of satisfactory completion of the research internship;

6. Proof of satisfactory completion of the Masters thesis.

Article 6 With Honours Pass

1. The pass with 'with honours' is attached to the Masters examination, if each of the following requirements has been met:

a. An average score of at least 8.0 for all parts of the exam which are assessed on a ten-point scale. Scores will be weighted according to the number of course credits.

Furthermore, no part of the examination may have been passed in a resit.

b. Masters thesis: a score of at least 8.0.

Article 7 Exemptions

1. Request for exemption from taking a test or undergoing another part of the examination on the strength of what has been determined by Act will be submitted to the examination board. Written proof must be submitted to support the request.

2. The examination board takes a motivated decision within four weeks after having received the request. The examination board is entitled to extend this period of four weeks by a period determined by it. The student will be informed of its decision in writing.

3. No credits will be awarded for the parts of the examination for which exemption has been granted. Article 8 Resits/reassessments

The following resit/reassessment arrangements apply to students who in the first instance have not passed a part of the Masters examination.

The relevant resits are available only to students who have complied with the attendance obligation.

1. Course Examinations

The student who failed a course exam will get one other chance to resit that examination per academic year.

If a student passes the exam he/she cannot resit the examination. In the case of a resit the highest mark counts.

2. Practical Trainings

Students who failed an assignment of a practical training will get one chance to redo the assignment per academic year. *3. Papers*

There will be one chance to redo papers (including the Masters thesis) per academic year. This will consist in rewriting the relevant paper.

Article 9 Hardship Clause

The examination board has the right to deviate in individual cases from what has been determined in the regulation on the request of a student, if a strict application of the rules would lead to an unfair or unreasonable situation. In the assessment of individual cases the examination board uses as its starting point the generally applicable rule of law that equal must be treated as equal and unequal must be treated as unequal. The examination board uses the so-called principle of unforeseen circumstances as the criterion for acceptability.

Article 10 Implementation and Effective Date of Coming into Force

1. The examination board makes decisions in all cases which have not been foreseen by the Rules and Regulations.

2. These Rules and Regulations take effect as of 1st September 2005.

Thus enacted by the Psychology examination board at its meeting of 14 April 2005.

No rights can be derived form the education and examination regulations as included here. Copies of the definitive education and examination regulations can be obtained from the Secretariat of the examination board. **APPENDICES WITH THE RULES AND REGULATIONS MASTERS EXAMINATION**

Appendix 1: Regulation on Research proposal

Appendix 1: Regulation on Research internship

Appendix 3: Regulation on Masters thesis

Appendix 4: Regulation on Fraud

APPENDIX 1 REGULATION ON RESEARCH PROPOSAL

1. A research proposal is an independently written proposal concerning research which the student intends to conduct during his/her research internship.

- 2. The research proposal consists of the following parts:
- a brief theoretical background of the research;
- the question posed by the research;
- a description of the research plan;
- a description of the research methods which will be applied;
- a description of the techniques which will be used for processing and analysing the data;
- a time-table.
- 3. The guideline for the length of the research proposal is 4-7 A-4 pages.

4. The assessment is done by two assessors. They are: a. two staff members of the Faculty if the research internship is done internally (supervisor from the Faculty and a second assessor), or b. the external supervisor and the supervisor from the Faculty in case the apprenticeship is done outside the Faculty.

5. An approved research proposal counts as 5 European credits. If the research proposal is judged to be unsatisfactory, the regulation about resits/reassessments for Papers, article 8, paragraph 3, Rules and Regulations for the Masters study programme, applies.

APPENDIX 2 REGULATION ON RESEARCH INTERNSHIP

- 1. A student has to do a research internship at the conclusion of his/her study programme.
- 2. The purpose of the internship is an orientation into the research field of psychologists.
- 3. The scope of the internship must correspond to a study load of 25 European credits.
- 4. The student notifies the educational office about the internship at least one month before the start of the internship by means of a research internship notification form. The educational office checks whether the student has complied with the requirements in article 3.1, paragraph 1 of the examination regulations, i.e.:
- having obtained the Bachelor Degree;

• having successfully completed at least 3 of the 4 theoretical courses of the Masters track. In addition, certain internships of the biological specialisation may require that the practical training has been successfully completed.

5. An internship agreement is drawn up for each internship in which a number of arrangements are set out between the institution where the internship takes place, the supervisor from the Faculty and the student. A copy of this agreement is sent to the educational office at least one month before the internship starts.

6. The student will be supervised during the internship by a supervisor from the Faculty and a supervisor from the institution where the internship takes place (internship supervisor). The task of the supervisor from the Faculty and/or the internship supervisor consists in advising the student in matters of content with respect to the internship activities and the reporting of these in a Masters thesis (see Appendix 3: Regulation Masters thesis). In addition the supervisor from the Faculty is the contact person with the institution where the internship takes place.

7. After the practical part of the research has been rounded off, an evaluative discussion will take place between the internship supervisor, the supervisor from the Faculty and the student. The internship is registered as having been completed successfully by the internship supervisor or the supervisor from the Faculty on an assessment form which is sent to the educational office.

8. A satisfactory completion of the internship counts as 25 European credits.

APPENDIX 3 REGULATION ON MASTERS THESIS

1. A Masters thesis is an independently written report of the research which has been conducted during the internship.

2. The Masters thesis is an individually written paper.

3. The length of the Masters thesis is at least 20 and at the most 40 A-4 size pages.

4. The Masters Thesis is assessed on the following four aspects: formulating the problem, subject content, argumentation and form. At least three aspects must be assessed with sufficient marks and the remaining aspect with a mark not lower than five. Additionally, the final mark for the thesis, based on the abovementioned four aspects, needs to be at least 5.5.

5. Satisfactory assessment of the Masters thesis counts as 10 European credits.

6. The student must submit four copies of the Masters thesis to the educational office. Two copies, together with the individual assessment form, are sent on to the internship supervisor / supervisor from the Faculty and to the supervisor from the Faculty / second assessor. The assessment form, filled in and signed by both supervisors, is sent back to the educational office together with a motivated explanation within 20 working days. The educational office sends one copy of the approved Masters thesis to the internship coordinator for filing. The fourth copy is put into the University Library unless the institution where the internship took place has objections to this.

7. If the Masters thesis is awarded insufficient marks, the Regulation for resits/reassessments for Papers, article 8, paragraph 3 of the Rules and Regulations for the Masters study programme apply.

APPENDIX 4 REGULATION ON FRAUD

The Psychology examination board has laid down the following regulation on examination fraud by way of further elaboration of article 3.13, paragraph 1 of the education and examination regulation, in its meeting of 14th June 1995. This regulation is part of the Rules and Regulations.

Article 1

Fraud as meant in article 4.13 of the Education and Examination Regulations is understood to mean:

a. Acting or failing to act on the part of an examinee in a way which makes it wholly or partly impossible to form a fair judgment about the knowledge, insight and skills of the examinee.

b. Acting or failing to act on the part of an examinee in a way which makes it wholly or partly impossible to form a fair judgment about the knowledge, insight and skills of a co-examinee. **Article 2**

Fraud as meant in article 4.13 of the Education and Examination Regulations also includes: an attempt at fraud.

Article 3 Acting or failing to act as meant in article 1of this regulation is understood to mean:

a. In respect of the writing of papers:

• literal or paraphrased copying of passages from other papers or oral texts in such a way that the impression is given that it is one's own work;

• literal or paraphrased copying of passages from scientific articles or books in such a way that the impression is given that it is one's own work;

• literal or paraphrased copying of passages from other electronic papers in such a way that the impression is given that it is one's own work;

• literal or paraphrased copying of passages from sources on the Internet in such a way that the impression is given that it is one's own work.

b. In respect of taking tests and comparable proofs of ability and examinations:

• disposing over the usage of texts other than those of which the use is expressly permitted, on or in the vicinity of the table where the examinee sits or another place accessible to the examinee, while taking the test;

• exchanging information with a co-examinee where and in whatever way, while taking the test. Article 4

If in the opinion of the examiner a (possible) case of fraud has taken place, the examiner as a rule takes the following action:

a. If the (possible) fraud has been ascertained while taking the test:

• the examiner notifies the examinee of the ascertained (possible) fraud;

• a possible text which the examinee had unjustly at his/her disposal for usage is confiscated;

• the examinee is given the opportunity to complete the test, unless the examiner decides otherwise;

• the examiner will bar the student from further participation in the test, if the examinee refuses to hand over the text which was possibly unjustly kept at hand in order to be used;

• a text which has been confiscated is normally not returned to the examinee after the test is finished, unless the examiner decides otherwise;

• the examiner documents the relevant facts connected with the ascertained fraud in writing and sends this without delay to the examination board, together with possible texts which had been confiscated.

b. if the (possible) fraud has been ascertained during or after the correction of a test or examination:

• the examiner notifies the examination board in writing without delay about the (possible) fraud, adding the relevant papers and documents;

• the examination board notifies the examinee about the ascertained (possible) fraud.

c. if the (possible) fraud is ascertained during or after the correction of written papers which are part of a test or which count as concluding part of a study unit:

• the examiner notifies the examination board in writing without delay of the (possible) fraud, adding the relevant papers and documents;

• the examination board notifies the examinee about the ascertained (possible) fraud. Article 5

The Psychology examination board deals with cases of possible fraud in the following manner:

a. the person who is suspected of fraud is called for a discussion; the examination board will be represented by the chairperson and the secretary or their representatives, and if possible by one other member of the board;

b. the examination board decides, also on the ground of the outcome of the discussion as meant in paragraph a., whether fraud has taken place;

c. the relevant test or paper will be declared invalid in each case that fraud as meant by article 1, paragraph a. has been ascertained;

d. the examination board imposes a sanction, taking into account the nature and severity of the fraud committed in accordance with what has been said in article 4.13 of the Education and Examination Regulations, in each case that fraud as meant by article 1, paragraph a. has been ascertained;

e. the person concerned will be notified about the decision of the examination board as soon as possible;
 f. an entry will be made in the student's file when a test or paper has been declared invalid and a sanction has been imposed;

g. texts which have been confiscated will on request be returned by the examination board to the person in question, if it is decided that they are no longer needed with regard to (further) consideration of the case;

h. the examination board can decide to reveal its decision publicly but anonymously, with all the facts and circumstances on which it was based.

Article 6

One can appeal to the Board of Appeal for Examinations against decisions taken by the examination board concerning fraud, within four weeks after the decision has been publicized.



Educational organisation and administration

Chapter 4

Educational organisation and administration

4.1 STUDENT SERVICES (SSC)

Student Services is responsible for the preparation and execution of the policy of the Universiteit Maastricht in the area of general student provisions. Student Services sees to the maintaining of the relationship with new students and alumni, an agreeable living environment for students and student associations, and guidance unrelated to the studies.

The SSC publicizes current information in the University magazine, 'Observant' and provides extensive information on the Internet.

Students are able to ask questions via the electronic service centre.

The areas of health, accommodation, transport, financial matters, sports, safety, education, culture, the city of Maastricht and internationalisation are dealt with in a wider context on a joint website of the Municipality of Maastricht (GM), the University of Professional Education Zuyd (HSZuyd) and the University of Maastricht (UM).

Visiting Address: Bonnefantenstraat 2 Postal Address: P.O. Box 616, 6200 MD Maastricht SSC Website: www.ssc.unimaas.nl Electronic Service Centre: esc-ssc.unimaas.nl Website GM, HSZuyd and UM: www.studentenstad.Maastricht.nl Information Desk SSC The information desk is the first point of contact for students. Students can go to the information desk for the following

- services:
- Enrolments,
- Re-enrolments,
- Changes of Address,
- Payment in Instalments of the University Fees,
- Writing Oneself out of a Programme of Study,
- Reimbursement of University Fees,
- Proof of Payment / Enrolment,
- Collecting the first issue of one's UM Card.

Students can book appointments with the academic counsellors and the general counsellors at the information desk of the SSC at Bonnefantenstraat 2.

Information Desk, Bonnefantenstraat 2

Visiting hours: Monday to Thursday 11.00 - 16.00 hours; Friday 11.00 - 13.00 hours.

Contact by telephone: Monday to Friday 10.00 – 12. 30 and 13.30 – 18.00 hours. Callcenter (for making appointments, for queries about enrolment, for foreign diploma holders): (043) 38 85388 E-mail for address changes: Buro.Inschrijvingen@ssc.unimaas.nl Electronic Service centre: esc-ssc.unimaas.nl

The information desk is closed during the week of Carnival, the Easter week and over Christmas and New Year.

Changes will be announced in Observant, on the Internet and by e-mail.

International Service Desk (ISD)

The ISD offers new and foreign students help with obtaining a visa, employment permit or residence permit, taking out a medical insurance, opening a bank account and provides information about the availability of bursaries for incoming students.

A student who is enrolled can obtain information from the ISD about bursaries (Socrates / Erasmus, Huygens, cultural treaties, Leonardo) and the ISEP Programme (studying in the USA). The ISD helps with the extension of the residence permit.

Bonnefantenstraat 2, Phone: (043) 38 85284; E-mail: isd@ssc.unimaas.nl

Student Guidance Personnel

The Universiteit Maastricht has different categories of student guidance personnel: Faculty Student Advisors; Academic Counsellors; General Counsellors and Career Counsellors.

Faculty Student Advisors

The Faculty student advisor is the person students can turn to for questions about the area of study.

Academic Counsellors

The academic counsellors provide support, advice and guidance in matters pertaining to the legal status of a student and in financial matters. Students can also go to the academic counsellor for personal matters. Conversations with an academic counsellor are treated as confidential.

Academic counsellors deal with the following:

- Breaking one's study or changing to another study;
- Stopping one's study;
- Illness, pregnancy, special family circumstances;
- Making use of the Regulation for Financial Support of Students;
- Appealing to the Emergency Fund;
- Making use of child care;
- Studying with a physical or other limitation.

The academic counsellors can be contacted as follows (always mention ID Number):

Telephonic consultation: Monday to Thursday 13.30 – 14.00 hours (043) 3885273

Walk-in consultation: Tuesday and Thursday 14.00 – 16.00 hours Bonnefantenstraat 2 Personal appointment: via telephone (043) 38 85388

An appointment can also be made at the information desk, Bonnefantenstraat 2.

E-mail: studentendecanaat@ssc.unimaas.nl

General Counsellors

General counsellors offer help for personal (psychological) problems; e.g. stress, anxieties, eating disorders, depression, complaints about (physical) tension, taking decisions and making choices, problems with relationships (at home or elsewhere), problems with study or internship or other psychological problems which are broadly connected to 'being a student'.

The help consists of a series of individual conversations/treatment in groups.

The first conversation is a general orientation and is meant to clarify the problem.

The counsellor will go into the problem or complaint in a limited number of conversations. Referrals are sometimes necessary but this is always done in consultation with the student.

The counsellors also organise group or training programmes for assertiveness, fear of failure or coping with grief. An appointment can be made by telephone: (043) 38 85388 or at the information desk, Bonnefantenstraat 2. Studying with a Physical or Mental Limitation, Chronic Illness or Dyslexia

Maastricht University finds it important that students with a limitation can complete their studies successfully without too many delays. The University offers support in the form of certain regulations, provisions and guidance adapted to the individual. The rights these students have are laid out in the Law on Higher Education and Scientific Research (WHW) and the Law on Equal Treatment.

The nature and the gravity of the disabilities, the extent of the limitations students have as a result of these and the possible delays in study progress differ for each student. In addition to structural measures an individual approach is necessary. In order to let the individual guidance be as beneficial as possible, the various counsellors or advisors work closely together.

Students who wish to receive further information about this should contact the Central Information and Advice Centre 'Disability Management'. Contact can be made in person, telephonically or digitally. (There is a brochure in Dutch, which can be obtained or found on www.unimaas.nl Press 'Studenten', choose 'Studentenbegeleiding', choose 'Functiebeperking'.)

Students who wish to study at Maastricht University or who study there already but require extra facilities are advised to make an appointment for an intake discussion with an academic counsellor at Student Services. Opening hours (Tuesday to Friday 9.00 – 12.30 hours)

Phone: (043) 38 85272

Visiting Address: Bonnefantenstraat 2, Room B0.07

E-mail: handicap@ssc.unimaas.nl

Student Careers Advisory Services (LCS) and the Study and Careers Information Office (ISL)

Students can ask for career or study advice in different ways and at different times from career advisors of the LCS or make use of the varied documentation of the ISL.

Student Careers Advisory Services (LCS)

The career advisors of the LCS offer professional support when students have questions or doubts about

- Choice of study programme (did I choose the right programme of study?),
- The development of the way one's study is going (what internship or study route is best for me?),

• Orientation for a Master's course or for the labour market (do I want to look for a job before continuing with a Master's, what job or position and what kind of organisation suits me best, how must I go about applying for a job?) Students can appeal to career advisors at all stages of their study. They can help with taking important decisions. Guidance is offered individually or in groups, for instance in workshops on career development, training in how to apply for a job and in courses about choosing a study programme.

Appointments can be made by telephone: (043) 38 85318.

Visiting Address: Bonnefantenstraat 2

Postal Address: P.O. Box 616, 6200 MD Maastricht

Telephone: (043) 38 85318

Website: www.loopbaancentrum.unimaas.nl

Study and Careers Information Office (ISL)

The ISL has information about the following:

• Study programmes in The Netherlands, higher education, post-academic and post-professional education and courses,

• Study programmes and internships outside The Netherlands, summer courses, language courses and entrance tests,

• National and international labour market, career planning, vacancies, psychological tests and applying for jobs. The documentation consists of written materials, digital data banks and listings of websites. By consulting the electronic catalogue (via website LCS) one can find what information is available (see website LCS). Graduates can collect yearbooks at ISL.

Visiting Address: Bonnefantenstraat 2, Room E 1.13

Postal Address: P.O. Box 616, 6200 MD Maastricht

Telephone: (043) 38 85318

Website: www.loopbaancentrum.unimaas.nl

Visiting hours: Monday to Thursday 11.00 – 16.00 hours and Friday 10.00 – 12.00 hours

Different visiting hours and holidays will be publicized in the Observant and on the website.

Accommodation Services

When looking for accommodation one can contact Accommodation Services, a non-commercial agency which mediates in finding accommodation and which is linked to Student Services. Writing oneself in with Accommodation Services provides assurance for finding a new room should problems with accommodation arise. Accommodation Services mediates both for private rooms and about 2300 rooms and studios belonging to the housing association in Maastricht. These offer the possibility of a rental subsidy. The costs for writing oneself in are € 30.00.

Visiting Address: Bonnefantenstraat 2

Postal Address: P.O. Box 616, 6200 MD Maastricht

Telephone: (043) 38 85300

E-mail: kamerburo@SSHM.unimaas.nl

Website: www.kamerburo.unimaas.nl or www.kamerburo.net

Visiting hours: Monday to Thursday 11.00 - 16.00 hours, Friday 11.00 - 13.00 hours.

One can write oneself in with Accommodation Services (= Kamerburo) and look for suitable accommodation via the website.

Studium Generale

The Studium Generale organises lectures, debates and workshops in the areas of art, culture, science and society. In addition it organises cultural activities. These activities offer one the opportunity to broaden one's intellectual horizon. The lectures are often grouped around a theme, which will be discussed from the perspective of various scientific disciplines. The cultural activities comprise small-scale theatre performances, cabaret and music. In addition there is space for activities by students themselves, like an open podium, the monologue contest and the student song festival. The Studium Generale also organises Global Cultural Nights: evenings on which music and dance from other cultures form the focal point and when other expressions of culture receive attention.

Students can cooperate actively with the preparation and organisation of activities and can propose ideas at the Bureau of the Studium Generale (SG).

Information about the activities can be found on the SG-website and in the SG-Agenda, which is handed out at all faculties four times a year. One can also apply for the E-mail Service via mail@sg.unimaas.nl Postal Address: P.O. Box 616, 6200 MD Maastricht

Telephone: (043) 38 85307 Fax: (043) 38 85310 E-mail: mail@sg.unimaas.nl

Website: www.sg.unimaas.nl Science Shop The Science Shop mediates in finding students or new graduates who want to do research for non-commercial social organisations, like patient organisations, environmental movements, public services, interest groups, etc. Students conduct the research as part of their curriculum as degree or course thesis and in addition to their credits, receive a full expense allowance, expert guidance, availability of telephone, fax, pc, etc., a homely and productive place to work and a small financial remuneration.

Visiting Address: Bonnefantenstraat 2

Postal Address: P.O. Box 616, 6200 MD Maastricht

Telephone: (043) 38 85292

E-mail: wetenschapswinkel@ssc.unimaas.nl

Local Website: www.ssc.unimaas.nl/wetenschapswinkel

National Website: www.wetenschapswinkel.nl

UM Sports Services

UM Sports Services organises trainings, lectures, contests, and competitions in the field of sports and moving recreationally for the benefit of students and staff members. A sports card (€ 42.50 per academic year / € 27.50 from 2d January 2006) allows one to use the sporting facilities.

The sports card can be bought at the UM sports desk in the inner city, Bonnefantenstraat 2 and at the UM sports desk in the Randwyck Sports Hall, 180 Sorbonnelaan. Remember to bring your ID Number. Payment can only be made electronically (pin pass or credit card).

Telephone Secretariat UM Sports

Services: (043) 38 85311

Telephone Randwyck Sports Hall: (043) 3613933 (from 12.00 hours)

E-mail: UM Sport@ssc.unimaas.nl

Website: www.ssc.unimaas.nl/UM Sport

Maastricht has many Students Sports Clubs which form the association: Maastricht University Student Sports Trust MUSST), see www.musst.unimaas.nl

Higher Education for Seniors (Community College UM)

The Community College UM organises courses on an academic level for persons of 50 (45) years and older, which want to broaden and deepen their knowledge. The courses do not lead to a diploma or career; personal development and the joy of learning come first. As persons of 50 (45) years and older not only because of their previous education but also because of life's experience can follow the level of education offered, a diploma is not required for taking part in the Community College.

Postal Address: P.O. Box 616, 6200 MD Maastricht

Telephone: (043) 38 83550

E-mail: info@hovomaastricht.nl

Website: www.ssc.unimaas.nl/hovo

Alumni Office

The Universiteit Maastricht attaches great value to the link with its alumni. This link makes an alumnus into an ambassador of Maastricht University, here and abroad. The UM Alumni Office promotes the network of alumni, regularly organises regional, national and international alumni group meetings and sees to it that the UM alumni receive the alumni magazine ContinuUM free of charge, three times a year.

General Information: Ine Kuppen, Telephone (043) 38 85231

E-mail: alumni@ssc.unimaas.nl

AlumniNet: www.alumni.unimaas.nl

13 Tafelstraat

The Students Centre at 13 Tafelstraat is an open house for all students of Maastricht University and the University of Professional Education Zuyd. Students are given the opportunity to engage in activities, which matter to them besides their study. 13 Tafelstraat offers an extensive programme in the area of life's ideology, society and culture. Students, freelancers and three pastors guarantee an atmosphere of openness and involvement. Besides courses and group activities there is also opportunity for a personal talk and meeting each other.

To give an idea of what is offered: weekly meals, evensong and choir. Open evenings are organised regularly. Students can enrol for a series of events, like discovering one's boundaries, a mini course in acting, meditation, working with dreams, passing by church and pub, philosophy, drawing and painting intuitively, the ABC of the Bible, cooking course. There is an International Diner every month. Together with the general counsellors, a workshop is organised about "Dealing with Grief". There are also activities on Saturday: dance day, core weekends like engaging in art, monastery weekends, Buddhist and Christian city trips.

Every month the monthly letter 'The Thirteenth' appears; a subscription is free of charge for students.

Address: 13 Tafelstraat, Ecumenical University Chaplaincy, 6211 JD Maastricht.

Telephone: (043) 3215651

E-mail: tafelstraat13@ssc.unimaas.nl

Website: www.tafelstraat13.nl

4.2 SPS (Section for Psychology Students) AND THE NIP

4.2.1 NIP and SPS

The Section of Psychology Students (SPS) is part of the Netherlands Institute for Psychologists (NIP) with 1400 student

members. The NIP is the professional association of psychologists and has well over 12.000 members. The NIP offers service in the area of developments within the psychology programmes of study, post-graduate programmes, refresher courses, job opportunities, advice on setting oneself up independently, protection of one's title and professional ethics. For students this is an important organisation to help after graduation at the labour market. In the Netherlands 17.000 students follow a psychology programme. Many of them you will meet as competitor while applying for a job. The NIP student membership offers the following advantages: Monthly posting of the magazine 'De Psychology' with scientific articles, vacancies and announcements of lectures and congresses, opportunities to make contact with psychologists from various disciplines, reduction on entrance fees for lectures and conferences and participation in the activities of the NIP sectors, sections and working groups. For € 4,75 per month you have access to these services. See www.psynip.nl for further information.

4.2.2 SPS Platform Maastricht

The SPS has a national governing body on which members from the various universities have a seat. In addition there is a local SPS platform in each university town. The platforms organise post-graduate programmes, information days, workshops, excursions, lectures and visits to institutions where psychologists work.

The Section of Psychology Students (SPS) consists of a platform of a group of psychology students and has been active for a few years now. The aim of the SPS is to inform UM students about the professional practice of the psychologist. The SPS gives one an idea of varied areas of work. It hopes to help students in making a well-considered choice when deciding on a degree programme, electives and career. It also tries to give a picture of where a student can end up after his or her studies and what jobs are like.

There are contacts with senior advisors who work at the Netherlands Institute of Psychologists (NIP). One can call upon these senior advisors for a personal talk about one's career. It is possible to make contact with sections and working groups of the NIP via the SPS. By becoming active in a section a student can take a look in the 'kitchen of psychology'. Contacts can also be made with a view to finding an agreeable place for one's internship. Participation in (inter)national congresses and workshops offers the opportunity to broaden one's knowledge.

If you want to become a member or want to be active in the SPS platform, send an e-mail:

SPSNIP_PFM@yahoogroups.com

4.3 InterUM BV

The faculty increasingly makes use of the services of InterUM BV (internal placement bureau of the Universiteit Maastricht), especially with regard to placement of student tutors, student assistants, and invigilators. Information can be obtained from:

InterUM BV, P.O. Box 616, 6200 MD Maastricht.

Visiting Address: 22A Tongersestraat

Telephone: (043) 38 82688

Fax: (043) 3263579

E-mail: bureau@interum.umholding.nl

Also for the Job Centre: www.umholding.nl/interum

4.4 EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT: THE EDUCATION OFFICE

4.4.1 General

The Education Office of the Faculty of Psychology provides an important contribution to the logistical planning, administration and organisation of the study programme. The Education Office also functions as the central point of information for all matters related to the study programme and sees to the administration of all matters pertaining to the examinations and the study in general. Students can contact the Education Desk of the Education Office with queries about the study programme and examinations and can collect the course manuals and timetables there. The Education Desk is located at level 0, Universiteitssingel 40 East, Room 0.636a.

Staff Members Education Office and Internationalisation Office

Position	Staff Member	Room	Telephone
Head Education Office	Irma Kokx	5.777	38 81883
Secretariat	Isabel Hikisch	5.761	38 81911
	Yvonne Lenoir	5.761	38 84123
Logistics & Planning	Harrie Timmers	5.773	38 84013
Secretary Examination Board	Myrtle Brongers	5.773	38 84058
Examination	Marian Pieters	5.765	38 81939
Administration	Ellen Blaauw	5.765	38 84002
Staff Member for Internships	Ellen Blaauw	5.765	38 84002
Coordinator BaMa	Jet van der Pluijm	5.755	38 82175
Coordinator Bureau	Loes Mallee	5.753	38 81920
Internationalization			
Staff Member Bureau	Anke van der Stoel	5.749	38 84031
Internationalization			
Staff Member Training and Evaluation	Wladimir van Mansum	5.759	38 84541
Coordinator Eleum/Blackboard	Enny Beerden	5.759	38 84009
Staff Member Public Relations	Willie Schipper	5.771	38 81871
Staff Member Public Relations	Mandy Rouwet	5.771	38 82209
Staff Member Software Development	Tamerius Cohen	5.747	38 84543

Announcements about educational matters to students

Changes of and additions to timetables, study programmes and regulations can always occur during the academic year. In order to announce these changes and additions as clearly and quickly as possible to all concerned, the faculty has a section in the University Magazine Observant. Also, messages will be announced on the information boards on level 0, Universiteitssingel 40 East, and also be made known via Eleum/Blackboard if necessary.

Discount Office

Students of the Faculty Association 'Luna-tik' run a discount office. Opening hours will be announced before the start of each course.

Staff members of the Education Office do not sell books.

Timetable for each Course Period

There is a separate timetable for each course period each year. These timetables will be announced on the information boards of the Education Office on level 0 at least one week before the start of the course and can also be obtained from the education desk on level 0 (Room 0.636a). Furthermore, timetables are published on Blackboard. Students should take into account that educational activities can take place in the evening (in the academic year 2005-2006, not later than 22.00 hours as a rule).

Course Manuals

Each course has its own 'Course Manual', put together by the Course Planning Group. The course manual must be seen as a kind of railway timetable for the course concerned, with cases, lists of literature, which can be studied, names and telephone numbers of subject experts who can be consulted. Sometimes there are also indications of possible ways in which students can approach a problem, etc. The course manual is handed out by the education desk of the Education Office. In most cases, the course manual can also be downloaded from Eleum/Blackboard as well as the literature that goes with it (e-reader).

Division into Tutorial Groups

The Education Office of the Faculty of Psychology divides students into tutorial groups. If a student is not mentioned in one of the groups (see timetable board of the Education Office on level 0), he or she can still be placed in a group via a 'naplaatsing' form (to be collected at the education desk of the Education Office).

It is possible that students might want to attend a meeting of a different tutorial group once but this is not allowed. Changing tutorial groups is only allowed during the first week of a course and is only possible by way of an exchange with somebody else. Forms to apply for this can be obtained from the education desk during consulting hours. **Attendance Register**

The tutor of each tutorial group keeps an attendance register. Students must sign a form at the last meeting of each course to indicate their agreement with the registration noted by the tutor. If a student is absent during the last meeting the presumption will be that the student agrees with the registration of attendance. If there is a difference of opinion between the student and the tutor, this must be referred to the Examination Board.

Enrolment for a Course if the Attendance Requirements have already been met in the Previous Academic Year If a student has met the attendance requirements for a course but has failed the exam, the student will not be automatically placed in one of the groups for the course in the next academic year. If a student wants to take part in the course (e.g. with a view to refreshing the course material) he or she must apply at the Education Office at least two weeks before the course starts and complete and hand in a form for 'naplaatsing'. Depending on the organisational possibilities the application will be agreed to. If one does not apply or applies too late, the Education Office will not place the student in a group.

Study Programme

At the beginning of each academic year, each student is automatically put into the year in accordance with the EER.

No account will be taken of courses from previous years that still need to be completed. To continue with courses from the previous year(s), a 'naplaatsing' form will have to be completed. **Exemptions**

Exemptions will be considered on the basis of courses done previously and in accordance with the EER. A request for this must be submitted in writing to the Examination Board with written proof.

Illness and Absence

In case of illness/absence for a period of more than 10 consecutive days the student must notify the secretariat of the Education Office in writing, mentioning name, ID Number, address and a short description of the reason/cause and expected duration of absence. When the student has returned / recovered he must report to the Education Office at the first opportunity after the day on which he has returned. Only if this procedure is adhered to can the report of illness be incorporated into the dossier and be used at an examination review and for requests to make up what has been missed. The Examination Board may require a statement in certain cases. This statement may also be used as proof in the case of requests from the Auditors Fund or Graduation Fund. It is important to contact the student advisor as soon as possible.

Discontinuing or interrupting one's Study

It is possible that for whatever reasons a student interrupts his study or even stops it altogether during the academic year. In this type of case, it is necessary that the student be informed about the consequences and possible obligations that this involves. The student has to report this to the Education Office and to Student Services. Information about stopping with one's study and a request for the reimbursement of university fees at the UM can be found on the website of Student Services: www.ssc.unimaas.nl , press "(her)inschrijving", press "uitschrijving en restitutie". Information about termination of one's study grant can be found on www.ib-groep.nl (termination of one's study grant can be effectuated by means of the 'change' form which can be obtained via the ib-website or at the information desk of Student Services. One should take note of the need to hand in one's public transport (OV) card before the deadline. Reporting an interruption in or discontinuation of one's study on time ensures one's rights as regards the time one is allowed to take for one's study. The university is obliged to report the student's enrolment period to the 'Informatie Beheer Groep' each year.

Change of Study Address

If a student changes his or her study address this must be reported to Student Services. This can be done with your unimaas account at www.esc-ssc.unimaas.nl .One must count on a period of ten working days for this to be processed. The Education Office takes the study address to be the postal address. Post from the Education Office often goes via the students' post box.

Inspection of Students' Dossiers

A student has the right to look at his/her dossier, in keeping with the privacy regulation of Maastricht University. The student can make an appointment for this with one of the staff members of the Education Office during consulting hours. The dossier contains the enrolment forms and correspondence about the student. Copies of diplomas, registration of study duration and the like are kept at Student Services.

Medical Aid, Insurances etc.

Statements about enrolment and one's study are issued by Student Services and not by the Education Office. However, the forms for Child Benefit and these matters are signed and stamped by the Education Office. **Diplomas**

The Education Office issues diplomas after the Examination Board has confirmed the examination result. Duplicates are not issued. In case of loss or theft this must be reported in writing to the authority that issued the diploma (study programme and Examination Board). A statement will be issued declaring when the diploma was issued and the examination programme. NB: Never part with official diplomas, always use photocopies.

4.4.2 Opening Times of the Education Office and Correspondence

Education Desk

Students can consult the Education Desk of the Education Office only during opening hours (Level 0, room 0.636a). The opening hours are: Monday to Friday, 10.00-11.00 hours.

In the first and last week of a course the opening hours are extended to Monday to Thursday, 15.00-16.00 hours. Information Boards – Courses and Examinations

All timetables and possible changes, plus the lists of tutorial groups for current courses will be made known on the information boards. In addition, all exam results and overviews of exam dates, etc. will also be made known there. The information boards can be found on level 0, 40 Universiteitssingel East. Changes will also be publicized on Eleum/Blackboard.

Post

Post for the Education Office and/or the Examination Board can be put in the secretariat post box at the Education Office (room 5.761) or in the education desk post box (level 0).

There are standard forms that deal with the most common questions and procedures. These forms can be found at the education desk but they will also become available via Eleum/Blackboard during the current academic year. **Standard Forms**

The following forms are in use by the Education Office:

Form for 'naplaatsing' (Subsequent Placement)

If one has failed a course, one is not automatically put into a group for that course again. One would have to request this by completing a form for 'subsequent placement' and hand it in. The Education Office will check whether one is allowed to do the course and confirm this with the student. This placement can either be for the course, with or without the practical training, or for the practical training only.

Changing Tutorial Groups

The Education Office puts each student into a tutorial group. This has to be adhered to. If there are reasons to change to another group this will only be possible if one changes groups with another student. Both students have to fill in the 'Changing Tutorial Group' form, sign it and hand it in at the Education Office.

Examination Administration

If a student thinks that a mistake has been made with an exam result, this query can be directed to the examination administration (form 'Examination Administration'), which will look into the matter and reply. *Application for a Catch-up Assignment*

If one has not complied with the attendance requirements for tutorial group meetings, one can apply to do a catch-up assignment by completing the 'Application Catch-up Assignment' form. This must be handed in within 2 weeks after the course is finished. The dates of the meetings not attended must be on the form.

Declaration for Research Internship

Once a placement and starting date for an internship have been established, the 'Declaration for Research Internship' form must be completed. On the basis of this it will be decided whether entrance requirements have been met. A contract for internship will be drawn up and signed by both the student and the supervisor. *Declaration for Practical Internship*

If one wishes to do a practical internship as well as a research internship, application can be made by completing the 'Declaration for Practical Internship' form. For example, this might be needed to get a basic registration in Psycho Diagnostics or to comply with the entrance requirements for the post-graduate to become a psychologist in Health Sciences.

Application for Master Examination

When one is about to complete one's studies and wants to graduate, application for this must be made two months before the planned graduation date. Only once the 'Application for Master Examination' form has been handed in will it be checked to see if the requirements have been met.

Students' Post boxes

Each student has his/her own post box. These are on level 0 and are used to distribute information and results. Students also use these to communicate with one another and lecturers make contact with students in this way. The post boxes are arranged according to ID numbers.

Postal Address

Universiteit Maastricht, Faculty of Psychology, Education Office, P.O. Box 616, 6200 MD Maastricht

4.5 STUDENT ADVISORS

The student advisor is the primary contact person in the Faculty for information and advice on the programme as well as studying at the faculty. If necessary the student advisor may refer students to other members of the faculty or university (e.g. academic counsellor, general counsellor or study and career counsellor).

If students fall behind in their work for one reason or another, it is recommended that they contact a student advisor as soon as possible. They can provide personal advice and supervision with regard to the choice of one's study programme and the planning of the study. In situations where students have fallen behind because of illness or other circumstances, advice can be given on what to do. Should any of these situations occur, the student advisor must be contacted immediately, certainly within two months. In a number of cases, if study delays have occurred, financial compensation can be arranged through the regulation for the financial support for a student. It goes without saying, that all conversations with the student advisor are strictly confidential.

The student advisor also monitors the study progress. If necessary, the student can be called in. The advisor notes any bottlenecks in the programme and any other problems in the instruction and examination regulations. This can be done for example, as a result of a conversation with a student. These are reported to the relevant authorities, like the Curriculum Committee, Course Director and Examination Board.

Students can contact the student advisor on the following matters:

Information and Advice on the Study, e.g.:

- Programme Content and Structure,
- Individual Study Programme,
- Study Options within and outside the Faculty,
- Study Planning,
- Study Methods.
- Advice on Situations hampering the Study e.g.:
- Motivation Problems,
- Concentration Problems,
- Psychological Problems,
- (Physical) Handicaps,
- Prolonged Illness.
- Questions and Advice about (Statutory) Regulations, e.g.
- Regulations for the Financial Support for a Student,
- Student Grants and Loans,

- (Appeal) Procedures,
- Enrolment Options.

The student advisors are Monique Römkens, m.römkens@psychology.unimaas.nl; 40 Universiteitssingel East; Room 5.753; Phone (043) 38 81936 (for students whose surname begin with the letters A to K) and Gerda Galenkamp, g.galenkamp@psychology.unimaas.nl; 40 Universiteitssingel East; Room 5.753; Phone (043) 38 81888 (for students whose surname begins with the letters L to Z).

Appointments can be made via the secretariat of the Education Office, telephone (043) 38 81911/38 84123.

4.6 UNIVERSITY LIBRARY

The University Library (UB) provides services to all staff members and students of Maastricht University, the Maastricht Academic Hospital (azM) and to persons and institutions in the region, who are members of the UB. The service of the UB to the faculty is reviewed in the faculty library committee of which the following persons are members: representatives of the faculty (staff members and one or more students), and a representative of the UB. There is also a joint library commission for all faculties at Randwyck and the azM: The Commission Scientific Information Randwyck (CWI/R).

Literary Collections and Locations

The modern literary collection at the UB is specialized in the areas of research and education for the various faculties: i.e. General Sciences, Cultural Sciences, Economics and International Business Management, Law, Medicine, Health Sciences and Psychology. In addition to these specialized areas the UB has a general university collection (interdisciplinary and not geared to a specific faculty), which includes the Jesuit collection (library holdings of the former Jesuit programme of study), with historical works covering all disciplines.

The UB collection is housed in a number of different locations. The collections in the areas of Medicine, Health Sciences, and Psychology can be found in the UB Randwyck (50 Universiteitssingel). A collection in the area of Clinical Psychiatry can be found in the library of the 'Psychomedisch Streekcentrum Vijverdal' (1 Vijverdalseweg).

Economic-statistical works and government publications can be found in the UB City Centre ((Grote Looierstraat / Nieuwenhofstraat). The collections pertaining to the faculties in the city centre can also be found there; General Sciences, Cultural Sciences, Economics, International Business Management, Law). The collections and computers of both UB locations can be used by all UM students.

The collections are generally freely accessible and the vast majority of books can be borrowed. The following works cannot be borrowed: reference works, periodicals, books in the Learning Resource Centres, course manuals, videotapes and Doctoral and Bachelor Theses. Works, which are less current, like periodicals published before 1995, are stored in the depot (not accessible to the public) and can be asked for with the UM Card. Copying can also be done easily by using the UM Card.

Looking for Literature

How do you find literature, books and periodicals and other media in the UB collection? Titles of (printed) books and periodicals and videotapes can be looked for in the computerized catalogue (OPC) of the UB. There are computers in all library locations where you can consult the OPC, which you can also do from home. 'How to consult the OPC' will be dealt with during the UB introduction in the beginning of the first academic year.

Extensive Literature Search

All titles that are part of the entire collection of the UB (at all locations) can be looked up with the help of OPC. The Dutch catalogues, like the National Central Catalogue (NCC) and the catalogue articles from periodicals in the Netherlands (OLC / Online Contents) can be consulted at the university or at home via these OPC computers in the UB and via the UB Home Page.

Extensive literature search in various international bibliographical data banks (literature data banks) is possible via the UB Home Page. These data banks can be consulted in the UB and in the Learning Resources Centre, and in the Computer Resources Centre of the Psychology Faculty and also at home. Access to UB data banks (catalogues, literature data banks and electronic periodicals) from one's computer at home is subject to a number of (technical) conditions. Skills training in searching for literature data banks that are important for psychology, like PsychInfo and Medline, are organised for first year students during the first semester.

The UB provides regular courses on Medline /PsychInfo and EndNote (by subscription). Borrowing Books

Most books in the library collection can be borrowed. For this, a personal UM Card is needed which has to be activated by the UB the first time it is used. Computerized borrowing is possible via the 'Lendomaat'. The most important rules for borrowing books are:

- The borrowing period is four weeks and can be extended (if the title has not been reserved).
- One can only borrow a maximum of ten books at the same time.
- Books which have been borrowed can be reserved.
- Borrowing and returning books must be done at the location where they belong.
- Borrowers can extend the borrowing period themselves and reserve books via the computers in the UB or in the Learning Resources Centre, in the Computer Resources Centre of their faculty or from home.

UM Card

A valid UM Card is needed to make use of the UB and the Learning Resources Centre; for entering and leaving the UB, for

borrowing and making copies and for asking for publications from the depot.

Computer Facilities

There are many computers for students in the Learning Resources Centre where they can search and process information. These computers offer access to the UB catalogue, the most important literature data banks, electronic periodicals and Internet (Internet Explorer and e-mail). Moreover programs have been installed to store and process information (software for database management, spreadsheets, word processing, statistics and graphic programs). A number of these computers can be reserved. Students can make use of computers that are specifically meant for consulting the UB information / literature data banks, electronic periodicals and UB catalogues, on level 1 of the UB. You will find LINK (Reading and Internet Cafe), where UM students can surf and communicate on the Internet. This is found in front of the UB entrance on the platform.

Audio-visual Media

Videotapes can be viewed individually (AV units) or in groups in a special room (a key can be borrowed for a maximum of 2 hours) on level 3 of the Learning Resources Centre.

Places for Study

There are places allocated for study both in the library and in the Learning Resources Centre and the "quiet hall" on level 3 gives one the opportunity to study in silence. There are study rooms for individuals and groups with or without computers, on levels 2 and 3. A limited number of these rooms can be reserved (at the desk of the Learning Resources Centre on level 2).

In Conclusion

In addition to rules for borrowing books, the UB also has a number of general rules. It is not allowed to enter the library wearing a jacket or carrying a bag. One can use the cloakroom and lockers near the UB entrance. Mobile telephones should be switched off. Those who use the library are expected to put the literature they used back in the right place. Smoking and eating is not permitted.

Talking loudly is not allowed in the library and in the Study Resources Centre to avoid noise disturbance. More information about the UB services can be found on the UB Home Page (www.ub.unimaas.nl). The UB portal for psychology (www.ub.unimaas.nl/fdp) in the 'UB for faculties' column offers specific information for students and staff members of the Faculty of Psychology.

University Library, Randwyck Address:

50 Universiteitssingel

6229 ER Maastricht

Telephone Information Desk: (043) 38 81804 (general information, information about literature data banks and UB courses).

Telephone Lending-Desk: (043) 38 81805 / 38 81806 (extension borrowing period / reservation of books, information about UM Card and borrowing from other libraries).

Telephone Study Resources Centre: (043) 388 1807 (information about Study Resources Centre, reservation of space). University Library, Randwyck Office Hours:

08.30 - 22.00 hours Monday to Thursday

Friday 08.30 - 19.00 hours

borrowing) Saturday 12.00 – 17.00 hours (opportunity for being present only, no borrowing)

Sunday 12.00 – 17.00 hours (opportunity for being present only, no

From Monday to Friday after 17.00 hours the service in the library is used for working in only. During these times, borrowing books is only possible via the'Lendomaat' automatized system from the open collection but not from the depot. Books can also be returned to the letterbox for books next to the entrance. **Basic Textbooks and Learning Resources Centre**

General

The basic textbooks are compiled from a carefully drawn up list, which the psychology lecturers think students should have. The choice of these books has been governed by the following criteria (though various criteria were applied differently for different books): relevance, scientific quality, didactic quality, presumed 'half-life', topical interest and price. The amount reserved for buying books in a student's budget (approx. € 363 p.a.) has also been taken into account. Function of Learning Resources Centre

It would be a mistake to assume that one does not need to buy basic textbooks because there are sufficient copies in the Learning Resources Centre. It is not only impossible to have sufficient copies available in the Study Resources Centre for the large number of students, but also it is not the primary purpose of the Learning Resources Centre. The Centre is there primarily to enable students to search for information relevant to their learning objectives, in a collection of varied sources.

The books used for problem-based learning are categorized in the following manner:

Basic books. These core texts cover a significant part of a particular subject area. а.

b. Alternative textbooks. In most scientific fields, a substantial number of introductions, compilations, and surveys dealing with more or less the same topics are available, although each book may discuss the topic in a different manner (different theoretical perspectives, different examples, illustrations, style, organisation of the subject matter, etc.).

Thematic books. These deal with a specific topic, which may be relevant for one or more assignments within a c. given course.

d. Reference books. In particular, dictionaries and atlases.

e. Specialized books. Books containing information not necessarily related to the learning objectives formulated during the tutorial groups.

The emphasis when selecting the book collection for the Learning Resources Centre was not on the basic textbooks, but on the alternative textbooks, thematic books as well as reference books. (It should be clear that specialized books could be found in the library.)

Exploratory and Process Learning

In most educational systems, the lecturers determine the learning objectives for the students. The subject matter students have to master for the exam, is communicated by way of lecturers, practical training, lecture notes, book lists etc. The lecturer defines the learning activities to be carried out by the student. The students learn what has been told and work through the relevant literature systematically.

In contrast, problem-based learning has the subject matter centred on problems and tasks. Generally speaking, the problems and tasks, with their ensuing learning objectives, are intended to lead students to explore different approaches and consult various sources of information. At times, students may be inclined to limit themselves to the basic textbooks and other required reading only in the working out of the learning objectives. If this is the case, there is the risk that discussion and reporting during the tutorial groups can run dry because everyone has used the same material.

4.7 PROGRAMME EVALUATION

One of the ways to guarantee the quality of instruction is the evaluation of the courses offered. An evaluation provides information on educational/didactic problems. In addition, programme evaluation forms the basis for the exchange of information and consultation with those directly involved and also serves as the point of departure for taking and implementing concrete measures for the curriculum.

The evaluation process consists of the following steps:

• Students are asked to complete a questionnaire when they do the course examination. This questionnaire serves as a global screening for the instruction given. The purpose of the screening is to find out where problems have arisen, as well as to gain initial insight into the nature of the problem.

• The results of the screening are subsequently made known to all parties concerned, in the form of a short report in which both the quantitative and qualitative data have been worked out.

• On the basis of the information available, concrete measures may be taken to improve the instruction. Such an initiative may come from any of the parties involved; i.e. the Educational Administrator, the Educational Committee, the Programme Director, the Planning Group or the students.

The Questionnaire: Administration, Format and Report

The results are based on questionnaires where students can make their opinion on the study programme known. This questionnaire is handed out during the course examination. Students are requested to take the questions seriously, to mention the number of their tutorial group, their ID number and to indicate the relevant course. It goes without saying that privacy is guaranteed when the data are processed.

The questionnaire covers questions related to all the important aspects of Problem-Based-Learning. Certain aspects, for instance the role of the tutor, have more questions, while other aspects have only one question. Likert-type questions (totally disagree = 1 to totally agree = 5) are used and questions calling for criticisms, which are scored on a 10-point scale.

The average and standard deviation as well as the minimum and maximum number of respondents are given for each answer. The data are worked out in a report and the tutors receive feedback on their functioning.

Both lecturers and students are involved with the programme evaluation. For most students, this will be limited to the completing of the questionnaire at the end of the course.

The students are informed of the results of the programme evaluation by the Psychology Faculty and on the information board at the Education Office. The data are always available for looking at.

Contact Person: Wladimir van Mansum, Education Office, Phone (043) 38 84541, 40 Universiteitssingel East, Room 5.759.

4.8 COMPUTERISED INFORMATION SYSTEM (OBTAINING RESULTS)

As it will take several days between the confirmation of the result by the course coordinator and entering it into the computerised information system, the results are publicized on the information boards on level 0, as soon as they are known. When the data have been entered into the computer the lists of results will be removed and students can consult their results themselves and/or print them out via the website of the Faculty of Psychology:

www.psychology.unimaas.nl under the link 'Studie-informatie', after which one selects the link 'Premium/ISS'. If results are missing or are incorrect, the student must hand in a printout with the incorrect data at the Education Office. The student will receive a reaction in his/her post box.

Once a year each student receives an overview for checking the results. Please notify the Education Office of possible mistakes.

Students can direct questions of a general nature to the ICTS service desk, telephone (043) 38 83564. If there are questions about the use of ICT for one's study, please call on the ICT service desk, at the Computer Resource Centre of the Faculty of Psychology in the Psychology Building on level 1.

4.9 INSTRUCTION ROOMS

Tutorial Group Meeting Rooms

There are 21 Instruction Rooms available in total. Each room has a standard equipment of 14 chairs, and a chalkboard or

whiteboard. The Instruction Rooms can be found on level 1 to 5 of 40 Universiteitssingel. Computer Resource Centre Location Universiteitssingel 40, level 1: 1.734 and 1.746 Colloquium Halls Location Universiteitssingel 40 (Uns 40), level 0: 0.737 Diepenbeekzaal 35 places 0.731 Luikzaal 35 places 0.771 Tongerenzaal 70 places 0.553 Keulenzaal 40 places K.667 Heerlenzaal (level –1) 50 places

Location P. Debyeplein (Deb 1), level 0: D.003 en D.005 35 places Lecture Halls Location Universiteitssingel 40 (Uns 40), level 0: 0.647 Maastrichtzaal 404 places 0.673 Akenzaal 150 places

Location 50 Universiteitssingel (Uns 50), level 0:

0.402 Blauwe zaal	259 places
0.406 Groene zaal	65 places
0.480 Rode zaal	65 places

Location 1 P. Debyeplein (Deb 1), level 0: D.001 Auditorium 175 places External Spaces

Tests are often done in Sports Halls in: Daalhof, Goudenweg 190, 6216 TT Maastricht De Heeg, Roserije 500, 6228 DN Maastricht Dousberg, Dousbergberg 4, 6216 GC Maastricht Geusselt, Olympiaweg 81, 6229 HD Maastricht Randwijck, Sorbonnelaan 180, 6229 HD Maastricht MECC, Forum 100, 6229 GV Maastricht

4.10 TESTS

Participation in Tests

Students whose names appear in the tutorial groups are automatically listed for the course exam when it is a written test. Students are admitted to the exam up to half an hour after the exam has started but only if nobody has left the examination room in the mean time. For other means of assessment and deadlines students will be informed through the course manual and the information on Blackboard.

Different Form of Testing

If a student would like to be eligible for another way of taking a test, he or she has to apply to the Examination Board. If permission is granted the student must contact the secretariat of the Education Office at least one week before the test so that further arrangements can be made.

4.11 GRADUATION: MASTER DEGREE

A student who intends to graduate must notify the Education Office two months before the date of graduation by means of the 'Application For Master Examination' form. This can be obtained from the secretariat of the Education Office or downloaded from Eleum/Blackboard. The form must be handed in at least two months before the planned date of graduation. An appendix must be added with a transcript of the study results. Beforehand, the student must check the transcript and pass on anything that is unclear or incorrect to the Education Office. This will help to avoid any undue delay in determining the examination result. The Examination Board confirms the receipt of the application form by e-mail and deals with most of the correspondence via the Unimas student e-mail.

Graduation takes place every month. The Examination Board notifies the student in writing if he or she has passed, around the date of graduation. The handing out of diplomas takes place only three times a year in accordance with the scheme that follows. After having graduated students can deregister from the university, stop their study grant and hand in their public transport (OV) card. In principle students can stay enrolled until the end of the enrolment period (usually August 31st) and keep their study grant and OV card until that date. One must be aware, however, of the fact that the IB group checks one's income each calendar year. If one's income is above a certain amount, the student must repay the study grant and will be fined for unjustified possession and use of the OV card.

Information about writing oneself out of the UM and applying for reimbursement of university fees can be found on www.ssc.unimaas.nl , press '(her)inschrijving', press 'uitschrijving en restitutie'.

Information about termination of the study grant can be found on the website of the IB-groep: www.ib-groep.nl.

Termination of the study grant can be applied for by means of a change form, which can be obtained via the ib website or at the information desk at the SSC. Please note that there is a deadline for handing in one's OV card.

Date of Graduation	Handing in Application	Handing in Thesis	Last Assessment	Formal Handing out	Location
31 May	01 April	15 April	15 May	Oct 2005	Uns40-0.647
30 June	01 May	15 May	15 June	Oct 2005	Uns40-0.647
31 July	01 June	15 June	15 July	Oct 2005	Uns40-0.647
31 August	01 July	15 July	15 August	Oct 2005	Uns40-0.647

When it becomes apparent that a student will not make the date of graduation, the application will lapse and a new application has to be submitted for another date. Two weeks before the diploma ceremony, the Examination Board will notify students in writing as to where and when this will take place. If a student thinks that he or she should be considered to graduate 'with distinction', he or she must apply for it.

The following rules have to be observed for handing in a thesis: After the thesis has been handed in the assessors have 20 working days to look at it. If the thesis has been handed in on time, the Education Office will see to it that the assessment is returned on time. If the thesis has been handed in too late, all responsibility lies with the student. The student must then see to it that the assessment arrives in time at the Education Office.



Staff of the Faculty of Psychology

Chapter 5 Staff of the Faculty of Psychology

5.1 STAFF MEMBERS OF THE FACULTY OF PSYCHOLOGY

List of Abbreviations

AiO	Assistent in Opleiding PhD-student	OiO	Onderzoeker in Opleiding Junior Researcher
Bijz. HgL	Bijzonder Hoogleraar	Opl.dir.	Opleidingsdirecteur
, ,	Professor occupying an endowed chair	·	Course Director
BO	Bureau onderwijs	OWW	Onderwijswetenschappen
	Education Office		Educational Sciences
EP	Experimentele psychologie	Ow.&oz.	Onderwijs en onderzoek
	Experimental Psychology		Education and research
Ex.cie.	Examencommissie	Oz.ass.	Onderzoeksassistent
	Examination Board		Research Assistant
Ex.adm.	Examenadministratie	Pers.ass.	Personeelsassistent
	Examination Administration		Personnel Assistant
FB	Faculteitsbureau	Post-doc.	Gepromoveerde onderzoeker
	Faculty Office		Post-doctorate researcher
FdP	Faculteit der psychologie	Secr.	Secretariaat
	Faculty of Psychology		Secretariat
FR	Faculteitsraad	Toeg.	Toegevoegd
	Faculty Council	-	Added
HgL	Hoogleraar, professor	UD	Universitair docent
	Professor		Assistant Professor
Instr.	Instrumentatie	UHD	Universitair hoofddocent
	Instrumental Services		Associate Professor
KNAW	Koninklijke Nederlandse	Vz.	Voorzitter
	Akademie van Wetenschappen		Chairperson
	Royal Dutch Academy of Sciences		
NC	Neurocognitie	W&V	Werving en voorlichting
	Neurocognition		Recruitment and Information

General design of E-mail addresses of staff members

initial.prefixsurname@psychology.unimaas.nl e.g..Drs. Rob de Vries: r.devries@psychology.unimaas.nl Drs. Loes Mallee: l.mallee@psychology.unimaas.nl

D13. L0	Dis. Locs Mance. I. mance psychology. animaas.in					
Title	Name, First Name	Dept	Position	Room	Phone	
Drs.	Alberts, Hugo	EP	AiO	k. 2.755	38 81948	
Drs.	Atteveldt van, Nienke	NC	AiO, docent	k. 4.773	38 81906	
	Beerden, Enny	BO	Blackboard coörd.	k. 5.759	38 84009	
	Beerthuijzen, Jessie	EP	Secr.	k. 3.731	38 84015	
Drs.	Bergen van, Saskia	EP	AiO	k. 3.771	38 84536	
Ing.	Beursgens, Jacques	FB	IT-coördinator	k. 5.754	38 81882	
	Blaauw, Ellen	BO	Secr.stages/Ex.adm.	k. 5.765	38 84002	

Title	Name, First Name	Dept	Position	Room	Phone
Drs	Blau Vera	NC	AiO	k 4 773	38 84321
Drc.	Bloc Mart	NC	Aio	k. 4.770	28 84042
DIS.	Dies, Mart	NC	AIU	K.4.749	30 04042
Dr.	Blokland, Arjan	NC	UD	K. 2./31	38 81903
Dr.	Blomert, Leo	NC	UHD	k. 4.748	38 81949
	Bodifée, Riny	NC	Secr. NC	k. 4.755	38 84273
Drs.	Bonte, Milene	NC	UD	k. 4.777	38 84036
Drs.	Bremer, Bento	FB	Medew. Onderwijs ontwikkeling	k. 5.747	38 84542
Dr.	Breukelen van, Gerard	FB	UD	k. 5.743 DEB1 k.	38 84001 38 82274
_				2.064	
Drs.	Brinkman, Marjo	NC	AiO	k. 4.777	38 81885
Dr.	Broers, Nick	FB	UD	k. 5.743, DEB1 k. 2.064	38 81929 38 82274
	Brongers, Myrtle	BO	Secr. Ex.cie	k. 5.773	38 84058
Drs.	Bruin de. Mariin	EP	AiO	k. 2.761	38 84531
Dr.	Candel Ingrid	FP	UD	k. 3.743	38 81963
Drs	Canalho Michael	NC	AiO docent	k / 7/1f	38 84037
Dr3.	Christoffols Ingrid	NC	Post doc	k. 4.741	29 94525
<i>ы</i> .	Colorent Terrestius	RO RO	Fost-uoc.	K. 4./5/	38 84543
المعرفة الم	Confer, Tamenus	BU NG	Software offtwik.	K. 5./4/	30 04543
Prot. ar.	Curts, Paul	NC	HgL	Centr. voor Kl. Genetica	38 //850
Dr.	Doorn van, Robert	EP	UD	k. 3.749	38 81926
Drs.	Dreezens, Ellen	EP	AiO	k. 2.755	38 82179
	Duchateau, Marie-José	FB, Ozinst.	Secr. COV/ECP/ORa	k. 5.732	38 84008
	Duijzings, Ruud	FB	Fin. controller	k. 5.741	38 81947
Drs.	Enning, Bram	NC	AiO	k. 4.771	38 84038
Mr. dr.	Evers, Silvia	FB, Ozinst.	Beleidsmedew., ambt.secr./jurist ECP	k. 5.732a	38 84539
Drs.	Fonteijn, Herco	EP	Docent	k. 3.777a	38 81907
Dr.	Formisano, Elia	NC	UHD	k. 4.738	38 84040
Drs	Froven Dries	NC	07.355	k 2 777	38 82205
Drs.	Galenkamn Gerda	FR	Studieadviseur	k 5 752	28 81888
Dra.	Cancel and Larva			K. J.7 JJ	28.84500
DIS.	Garlus Davidavilia		AIO Custo such sha sudau	K. 4./31	30 04509
D	Geelen, Boudewijn	FB	Systeembeneerder	K. 5./50	38 81946
Drs.	Geraerts, Elke	NC/EP	AIO	K. 3.//1	38 82468
Dr.	Gerven van, Pascal	NC	UD	k. 2.742	38 84512
	Gielissen, Johan	FB	Instr.dienst	k. 3.756k	38 84007
Drs.	Giesbrecht, Timo	EP	AiO	k. 3.757	38 82178
Ing.	Gijsen, Sven	NC	fMRI-technicus	k. 0.774	38 81802
Prof.dr.	Goebel, Rainer	NC	HgL	k. 4.753	38 84014
Drs.	Guerrieri, Ramona	EP	AiO	k. 3.767	38 84049
Ing.	Hamers, Huub	FB	Hoofd Instr.dienst	k. 3.753	38 81919
Dr	Hammer Anke	NC	Onderzoeker	k 4 747	38 82469
51.	Hartmans Maurice	FR	Netwerkheheerder	k 5 756	38 84034
Drc	Hauer Beatrijs	FD	Aio	k. j., jo	28 84024
Dr3.	Havermans Romeo				28 84052
Drof dr	Haverhans, Kenico			K. 5./41	38 84035
Prot.ar.	Heerden van, Jaap	NC	HgL	K. 4.750	38 84035
Ing. Drs.	Heilenbrand, Ron Heijden van der, Francy	OMM FR	Docent	k. 3.756k k. 5.748	38 84059 38 84012
	Hikisch, Isabel	BO	Secr.	k. 5.761	38 81911
Drs.	Horemans, lemke	NC	AiO	k. 4.731	38 84528
Dr.	Horselenberg, Robert	EP	UD	k. 3.743	38 81924
Prof.dr.	Hospers, Harm	EP	Bijz. HgL	k. 5.731a	38 82399
Drs.	Houben, Katriin	EP	AiO	k. 3.765	38 81953
Drs	Huiskamn Kim	NC	07.355	k 2 777	38 82212
Dr.	Hurks, Petra	NC	UD	k. 2.747	38 84269 38 84089
Drs.	Jans, Linda	NC	AiO	UNS50 k. 1.140	38 81273
Prof.dr.	Jansen, Anita	EP	HgL, vz. capgr. EP	k. 3.731a	38 81910
Drs	Jansen, Esther	FP	AiO	k. 3.731	38 81943
Dr.	Jansma, Bernadette	NC	UHD, vz. capgr. NC	k. 4.742	38 81934

Title	Name, First Name	Dept	Position	Room	Phone
Dr.	Jelicic, Marko	EP	UHD	k. 3.736	38 81904
	Jeukens, Annemie	NC	Secr. NC	k. 4.755	38 82173
Prof.dr.	Jolles, Jelle	NC	HgL	Dr. Tanslaan	38 84098
			C C	10 k.	38 84094
				4.E3.002	
Drs.	Jongen, Ellen	EP	AiO	k. 3.767	38 84029
Dr.	Jonkman, Lisa	NC	UD	k. 4.732	38 81956
Drs.	Kaas, Amanda	NC	AiO	k. 4.777	38 82172
Prof.dr.	Kemner, Chantal	NC	Bijz. HgL	k. 4.743	38 84522
Drs.	Kessels, Loes	EP	Oz.ass.	k. 2.761	38 82105
Drs.	Kesteren van, Nicole	EP	AiO	k. 2.749	38 84051
Prof.dr.	Kok, Gerjo	FB, EP	HgL, Decaan FdP	k. 5.735	38 81937
			tot 1 januari 2006		
Drs.	Kokx, Irma	BO	Hoofd BO	k. 5.777	38 81883
Drs.	Kools, Marieke	EP	AiO	k. 2.749	38 82475
Drs.	Koppenhagen, Heidi	NC	AiO	K. 4.731	38 84507
Drs.	Kraag, Gerda	EP	AiO	k. 3.777	38 84084
Drs.	Kuypers, Kim	NC	AiO	k. 2.743	38 81902
	Lenoir, Yvonne	BO	Secr. BO/OWW	k. 5.761	38 84123
Drs.	Leufkens, Tim	NC	AiO	k. 2.737	38 81756
	Ligtenberg, Liane	FB,	Beheerder	k. 5.732	38 81980
		Ozinst.			
Dr.	Loosbroek van, Erik	NC	UD	k. 4.747	38 84045
Dr.	Lugt van der, Arie	NC	UHD	k. 2.741	38 82347
Drs.	Mallee, Loes	BO	Internationalisering	k. 5.749	38 81920
Drs.	Mansum van, Wladimir	BO	Medew. Training en	k. 5.759	38 84541
			evaluatie		
Dr.	Markus, Rob	EP	UD	k. 3.773	38 82474
Dr.	Martijn, Carolien	EP	UD	k. 3.748	38 84067
Drs.	Martino de, Federico	NC	AiO	k. 4.735	38 84532
Drs.	Meijer, Ewout	EP	AiO	k. 3.755	38 84505
Drs.	Melis van, Jessica	NC	AiO	k. 4.773	38 82170
Prof.dr.	Merckelbach, Harald	EP	HgL	k. 3.732a	38 81945
Dr.	Metaal, Nico	EP	UHD, opl.dir.	k. 3.738	38 84514
	Micheels, Trudy	FB	Secr.	k. 5.735	38 81918
Dr.	Mier van, Hanneke	NC	UD, vz. Ex.cie	k. 4.744	38 84010
Drs.	Mikolajczak, Jochen	EP	AiO	k. 2.759	38 84048
Dr.	Mulkens, Sandra	EP	UD	k. 3.773	38 84052
Dr.	Nederkoorn, Sjaan	EP	UD	k. 3.741	38 81925
Drs.	Neyndorff, Alessia	FB	Com.medew. RM	k. 5.744	38 81747
	Niering, Nicole	EP	Secr. EP/beheerder	k. 3.737	38 81908
Drs.	Oorsouw van, Kim	EP	AiO	k. 3.757	38 84050
Drs.	Peters, Gjalt-Jorn	EP	AiO	k. 2.759	38 84508
Drs.	Peters, Judith	NC	AiO	k. 4.759	38 82472
Drs.	Peters, Maarten	EP	AiO	k. 3.753	38 84026
	Pieters, Marian	BO	Ex.adm.	k. 5.765	38 81939
Drs.	Pluijm van der, Jet	BO	BaMa coörd.	k. 5.755	38 82175
Drs.	Poelmans, Hanne	NC	Oz.ass.	k. 2.777	38 84320
Dr.	Prickaerts, Jos	NC	Docent	k. 2.737	38 81026
					38 81168
Dr.	Raaijmakers, Wijnand	NC	UD, Coörd. stages	k. 4.777a	38 81880
Dr.	Ramaekers, Jan	NC	UD	k. 2.736	38 81951
Drs.	Reithler, Joël	NC	AiO	k. 4.761	38 81896
Drs.	Riecke, Lars	NC	AiO	k. 2.767	38 81941
Prof.dr.	Riedel, Wim	NC	Bijz. HgL	UNS50	06-23517643
_				k. 1.1056	
Drs.	Roebroeck, Alard	NC	AiO	k. 4.749	38 84039
Dr.	Roefs, Anne	EP	Post-doc.	k. 3.747	38 82191
Drs.	Römkens, Monique	FB/NC	Studieadviseur, docen	tk. 5.753	38 81936
Ing.	Ronner, Jacco	FB	Instr.dienst	k. 3.756k	38 84511
Drs.	Rouwet, Mandy	BO	W&V	k. 5.771	38 82209
Drs.	Ruitenbeek van, Peter	NC	AiO	k. 2.737	38 81026
Dr.	Ruiter, Rob	EP	UD	k. 2.732	38 82413
Dr.	Sack, Alexander	NC	UD	k. 4.765	38 84267
Dr.	Sambeth, Anke	NC	Post doc	k. 2.741	38 81757
Prof.dr.	Schiller, Niels	NC	Bijz. HgL	k. 4.743	38 84041
	Schipper, Willie	FB	W&V	k. 5.771	38 81871

Title	Name, First Name	Dept	Position	Room	Phone
Drs.	Schoenmakers, Tim	EP	AiO	k. 3.765	38 84538
Drs.	Schrooten Martien	FP	AiO	k. 3.735	38 84197
Drs	Schuhmann Teresa	NC	0w & 07	k 4 767	38 82467
Dr.	Schwarzbach Jens	NC	UD	FC Donders	024-3610658
51.	Seriwarzbach, Seris	inc.	00	Centrum	024 9010090
				KUN	
Drs.	Slegers, Karin	NC/NP	AiO	Dr. Tanslaan	38 81942
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Drs.	Smeets, Sandra	NC	AiO,	FC Donders	024-3668065
				Centrum	
				KUN	
Drs.	Smeets, Tom	EP	AiO	k. 3.753	38 84506
Drs.	Elke Smeets	EP	AiO	k. 3.753	onbekend
Dr.	Smit, Harry	NC	UD	k. 4.756	38 82176
	Smit, Marjolein	FB	Secr.	k. 5.735	38 81886
Dr.	Smulders, Fren	EP	UD	k. 3.744	38 81909
Drs.	Sniedt, Floortje	NC	AiO	k. 4.737	38 84535
Drs.	Sorger, Bettina	NC	AiO	k. 4.759	38 82177
Drs.	Sprokkel, Ed	FB	Directeur	k. 5.735	38 82174
Drs.	Staeren, Noël	NC	AiO	k. 2.767	38 81954
Dr.	Stapert, Sven	NC	UD	k. 2.731	38 81912
Dr.	Stauder. Hans	NC	UHD	k. 4.736	38 81933
	Stoel van der. Anke	BO	Internationalisering	k. 5.749	38 84031
Drs.	Theunissen. Eef	NC	AiO	k. 2.735	38 81940
Drs.	Thewissen, Roy	EP	AiO	k. 3.735	38 82476
Drs.	Thush. Carolien	EP	AiO	k. 3.757	38 81927
	Timmers, Harrie	BO	Logistiek & plan.	k. 5.773	38 84013
	Uiien van. Truus	EP	Secr. EP	k. 3.737	38 81905
Drs.	Vaessen. Anniek	NC	AiO	k. 2.773	38 82210
Drs.	Ven van de. Vincent	NC	AiO	k. 4.761	38 84510
Drs.	Vermeer, Peter	NC	Onderzoeker	k. 4.741f	38 81895
Dr.	Vermeeren, Annemiek	NC	UD	k. 2.738	38 81952
lr.	Vestiens, Michiel	FB	Instr.dienst	k. 3.750	38 81932
Drs.	Vlamings, Petra	NC	AiO	k. 4.735	38 84537
Drs.	Vliek, Lilian	NC	AiO	k. 2.771	38 82346
Drs.	Vries de, Anton	NC	UD	k. 4.765	38 84043
Drs.	Vries de, Rob	NC	UD	k. 4.767	38 81894
Dr.	Voogt de, Alex	EP	UD	k. 3.749	38 84324
Dr.	Waldorp, Lourens	NC	Post-doc.	k. 4.761	38 84530
Mr.	Wanders, Martie	FB	Pers. consulente	UNS60	38 85694
	·			k. N2-19,	38 82214
				UNS40	
				k. 5.738	
	Weeber, Saskia	FB	Pers. ass.	k. 5.742	38 84213
Dr.	Weerd de, Peter	NC	UHD	k. 4.754	38 84513
	Weers van, Ruud	FB	Pers. consulent	UNS60 k.	38 85698
				N2-11,	38 82214
				UNS40 k.	
				5.738	
Drs.	Werrij, Marieke	EP	Post-doc.	k. 3.747	38 84046
Drs.	Whittingham, Jill	EP	AiO	k. 2.753	38 84018
Dr.	Wiel van de, Margje	ÉP	UD	k. 3.742	38 82171
Dr.	Wiers, Reinout	EP	UHD	k. 3.732	38 81935
Drs.	Wildenberg van den,	ÉP	AiO	k. 3.761	38 81944
	Ester				
Drs.	Willems, Gonny	NC	Oz.ass.	k. 2.771	38 81749
	Winants, Jules	FB	Grafisch medew.	k. 5.750	38 82180
Drs.	Wingen, Marleen	NC	AIO	k. 2.743	38 84268
Drs.	Zellagui, Nadia	NC	Oz.ass.	K. 2.773	38 84319

5.2 TEACHING ASSIGNMENTS OF PROFESSORS AND ASSOCIATE

PROFESSORS

Name	Blomert Dr I
Department	
Department	Neurocognition
Position	Assoc. Professor
Expertise	Cognitive Neurosciences
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Functie	Professor
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Expertise	(annetics (mental instandation)
	(genetics/mentalrelation)
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Name	
Demontrecent	
Department	Neurocognition
Position	Professor
Expertise	Theory and History of Psychology
Telephone	043 - 38 84035
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Name	
Name	To spers, Froi. Dr. H.J.
Department	Experimental Psychology
Position	Professor occupying endowed chair
Expertise	Applied Psychology
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Name	Jansen, Prot. Dr. A.I.M.
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Expertise	Experimental Psychopathology
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News	
Name	Jansma, Dr. B.M.
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Telephone	043 - 38 81934
E-mail	h jansma@psychology.unimaas.nl
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ivame	
Department	Experimental Psychology
Position	Assoc. Professor
Expertise	Psychology and Law
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Name	Jolles, Prot. Dr. J.J.
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Name	
Department	Neurosantian
Department	
Position	Professor
Expertise	Biological Developmental Psychology (Psychopathology)
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Name	Kok, Prof. Dr. G.J.
Department	Experimental psychology
Position	Professor for Aids Foundation:
	Aids prevention & information
Expertise	Applied Psychology
Telephone	043 - 38 81937/38 84009
E-mail	g.kok@psychology.unimaas.nl
Name	Lugt van der. Dr. A.H.
Department	Neurocognition
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academic year 54 accommodation services 82 administration 77 admissibility 65 admission 64 admission board 66 admission requirements masters study programmes 65 alumni office 84 amendments 67 announcements about educational matters 87 appeal 68 application for a catch-up assignment 92 application for master examination 92 attendance obligation 69 attendance register 88 audio-visual media 96 В basic textbooks 97 board of admission 13 board of appeal 55 borrowing books 95 С capacity limitations 66 certificate of admission 65 change of study address 90 changing tutorial groups 92 chronic illness 80 cognitive neuroscience 58 colloquium halls 100 commissions 12 composition 56 composition of the masters examination 68 compulsory sequencing of parts 59 computer facilities 96 computer resource centre 100 computerised information 100 concluding conditions 67 correspondence 91 course 54 course coordinator 55 course director 13 course examinations 71 course manuals 10,88 courses 69 credit 54 curriculum committee 12 D date of coming into force 68 declaration for practical internship 92 declaration for research internship 92 definitions 54 degree and certificate 64 determining and publishing results 62 developmental psychology 57 different form of testing 102 diplomas 90 discontinuing or interrupting one's study 89 discount office 87 discount on books 14 division into tutorial groups 88 dyslexia 80 Е education and examination regulations - masters 53 - 54 education desk 86,91 education office 12,86

educational organisation 77 educational support 86 enrolment for a course 89

SUBJECT INDEX

academic counsellors 79

Α

examination 54,63 examination administration 92 examination board 13,54,68 examiner 54 exemptions 62,71,89 experimental health psychology 56 exploratory and process learning 98 extensive literature search 95 external spaces 101 F faculty board 11,55 faculty of psychology 11 - 12 faculty office 12 faculty student advisors 79 foreword 5 form for 'naplaatsing' (subsequent placement) 91 fraud 63 free masters 59 frequency 60 function of learning resources centre 98 G general address 117 general conditions 54 general counsellors 80 general rules 97 н hardship clause 67,71 higher education for seniors 84 illness and absence 89 implementation and effective date of coming into force 72 in conclusion 97 information boards 91 information desk SSC 78 inspection of students' dossiers 90 instruction rooms 100 international service desk (ISD) 79 internationalisation 10 internationalisation office 87 InterUM BV 86 L language of instruction 59 learning resources 10 learning resources centre 97 lecture halls 101 library committee 13 list of abbreviations 106 literary collections and locations 94 looking for literature 95 Μ master of science 64 masters examination 59,68 masters specialisation in applied cognitive psychology 16 masters specialisation in biological psychology 32 masters specialisations and tracks 56 masters thesis 29,51 medical aid, insurances etc. 90 Ν neuropsychology 58 NIP 85 0 obtaining results 100 onderwijsgroepskamers 100 onderwijsruimten 100 open study programme 59 opening times of the education office 91 oral testing 60 organisation of the study programme 55 overview of the tracks 16,33 Ρ papers 71

part 54 participation in tests 101 participation in tutorial group meetings 61 period of validity 62 , periods 60 places for study 96 post 91 postal address 93 practical training 54,71 probem-based learning (PBL) 9 problems form the basis for learning 9 programme evaluation 99 proof of having passed a course 69 proof of having passed courses 61 provisional admission 65 psychodiagnostics registration 30,52 psychology and law 57 psychology council 11 psychology curriculum 8 publication 67 purpose of the study programme 55 R reassessments 71 regulation on fraud 74 regulation on masters thesis 73 regulation on research internship 73 regulation on research proposal 72 request catch-up assignment insufficient attendance 69 requirements for the masters psychology examination 70 research internship 29,51,61 resits 71 results 63 right of appeal 64 right of inspection 62 rules and regulations 55,68 S science shop 83 scope of the regulations 54 self-motivation 10 specialisation applied cognitive psychology 15 specialisation biological psychology 31 SPS 85 SPS platform Maastricht 85 staff 105 staff members 106 staff members education office 87 standard forms 91 structure of the masters programme 8 structure of the study programme 56 student 54 student advisors 93 student careers advisory services 81 student guidance personnel 79 student services (SSC) 78 student-centred 9 students' post boxes 92 studium generale 82 study advice and guidance 66 - 67 study and careers information office (ISL) 81 study load 56 study programme 89 study progress monitoring 66 studying with a physical or mental limitation 80 т Tafelstraat 13 84 teaching assignments 113 test 54 testing 60 tests 101 tests and examinations 59 the Act 54

times of review for admission 66 timetable for each course period 88 timetable masters programme 2005 - 2006 2 track cognitive neuroscience 40 track developmental psychology 34 track experimental health psychology 17 track neurospychology 46 track psychology and law 21 track work and organisational psychology 25 traduation – master degree 102 transitional 67 tutorial group meeting 54 tutorial group meeting 54 tutorial group meeting rooms 100 tutorial groups 9 **U** UM card 96 UM sports services 83 unforeseen cases 67 university library, randwyck address 97 university library, randwyck office hours 97 **W** with honours pass 70 work & organisational psychology 57 written papers 61